

Ashford Oaks Primary School

Oak Tree Road, Ashford, TN23 4QR

Child Protection (Safeguarding) Policy [based on Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE Guidance]

September 2025

Document history:	
Date written	03.09.20
Updated Jane Marshall	29.09.21
Updated Jane Marshall	06.09.21
Updated Jane Marshall	05.09.23
Updated Jane Marshall	11.09.24
Updated Jane Marshall	19-09-25
Safeguarding approved: Toni Harris 19 September 2025	
Ratified by Governing Body:	24 September 2025
Review Date: Annually	September 2026
Signed: Rob Cooke	
Ma	
Chair of Governors	S

Key Contact Personnel in School

Designated Safeguarding Lead:

Jane Marshall, Pastoral Team Leader Mobile: 07595 099149

Deputies Designated Safeguarding Lead(s):

Phil Chantler Headteacher 07874 862919 Vanessa Barnes Family Liaison Officer 07729 286685 Emma Betts Family Liaison Officer 07960 413056 Named Safeguarding Governor: Toni Harris

This is a core policy that forms part of the induction for all staff. It is a requirement that all members of staff have access to this policy and sign to say they have read and understood its contents.

This policy will be reviewed <u>at least</u> annually and/or following any updates to national and local guidance and procedures.

Contents

		Page no
What to do if you have a welfare concern - flowchart		5
1.	Child Focused Approach to Safeguarding	7
2.	Key Responsibilities	12
3.	Child Protection Procedures	15
4.	Specific Safeguarding Issues	21
5.	Supporting Children Potentially at Greater Risk of Harm	28
6.	Online Safety	32
7.	Staff Engagement and Expectations	40
8.	Safer Recruitment and Allegations	42
9.	Opportunities to teach safeguarding	45
10.	Physical Safety	47
11.	Local Contacts	47
Appendix 1 – Categories of abuse		49
Appendix 2	– National Support Organisations	51

What to do if you have a welfare concern in Ashford Oaks Primary

Why are you concerned?

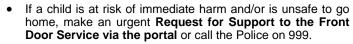
For example:

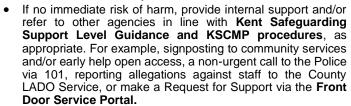
- Something a child has said e.g. allegation of harm
- Child's appearance may include frequent or unexplained injuries/marks/bruises and/ordress
- · Witnessed concerning, harmful or in appropriate behaviour
- Behaviour change(s)

Act immediately record your concerns, if urgent speak to a DSL first

- Follow the school's procedure and add in incident in CPOMs or complete a Pink slip
- Reassure the child
- Clarify concerns, using open questions, if necessary (TED: Tell, Explain, Describe)
- Use child's own words, record facts not opinions
- Sign and date your records
- Seek support for yourself if required from a DSL







- If the school/college believes a child may be in need of support but are unclear whether to refer, a no-named consultation can be sought from the **Front Door Service via** 03000411111
- If support is required out of working hours, the school/college will contact the Out of Hours Service via 03000 41 91 91.

If you are unhappy with the response Staff:

- Follow local Kent safeguarding partnership escalation procedures
- Follow Ashford Oaks whistleblowing procedures

Pupils and Parents:

• Follow school complaints procedures (see school website, documents).

Record decision making and action taken in the learners Child Protection file

Monitor

Be clear about:

- What you are monitoring e.g. behaviour trends, appearance etc.
- How long you will monitor
- Where, how and to whom you will feedback and how you will record

Review and **request further support** (if necessary)

At all stages the child's circumstances will be kept under review

The DSL/Staff will request further support if required to ensure the **child's safety** is **paramount**

1. Child Focused Approach to Safeguarding

1.1 Introduction

- Ashford Oaks Primary School recognise our statutory responsibility to safeguard and promote the
 welfare of all children. Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everybody's
 responsibility and everyone has a role to play. All members of our community (staff, volunteers,
 governors, parents, wider family networks and pupils) have an important role in safeguarding children
 and all have an essential role to play in making the community safe and secure.
- Ashford Oaks believe that the best interests of children always come first. All children (defined in law
 and in this policy as those up to the age of 18) have a right to be heard and to have their wishes and
 feelings taken into account and all children regardless of age, sex (gender), ability, culture, race,
 language, religion or sexual identity or orientation, have equal rights to protection.
- Staff working with children at Ashford Oaks will maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' where
 safeguarding is concerned. When concerned about the welfare of a child, staff will always act in the
 best interests of the child and if any member of our community has a safeguarding concern about any
 child or adult, they should act and act immediately.
- This policy applies where there are any child protection concerns regarding children who attend the school but may also apply to other children connected to the school, for example, siblings, or younger members of staff (under 18s) or children on student/work placements.
- Ashford Oaks recognises the importance of providing an ethos and environment within school that will
 help children to be safe and feel safe. In Ashford Oaks children are respected and encouraged to talk
 openly. We will ensure children's wishes and feelings are taken into account when determining what
 safeguarding action to take and what services to provide.
- Ashford Oaks recognises the importance of adopting a trauma informed approach to safeguarding, considering the root cause of children's behaviour and consider any underlying trauma.
- Our core safeguarding principles are:

o Prevention

Positive, supportive, safe culture, curriculum and pastoral opportunities for children, safe recruitment procedures.

o **Protection**

Following the agreed procedures, ensuring all staff are trained and supported to recognise and respond appropriately and sensitively to safeguarding concerns.

o **Support**

Adopt a child centred approach and provide support for all pupils, parents/carers and staff, and where appropriate, implement specific interventions for tjhose4 who may be at risk of harm.

o Collaboration

With both parents where possible, and other agencies to ensure timely, appropriate communications and actions are undertaken when safeguarding concerns arise.

• The procedures contained in this policy apply to all staff, including governors, temporary or third-party agency staff and volunteers) and are consistent with those outlined within KCSIE 2025.

1.2 Policy Context

- This policy has been implemented in accordance with our compliance with the current statutory guidance from the Department for Education, 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' (KCSIE) which requires individual schools and colleges to have an effective child protection policy.
- This policy has been developed in accordance with the principles established by the Children Acts 1989 and 2004 and related national and local guidance. This includes but is not limited to:
 - Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE)
 - Working Together to Safeguard Children (WTSC)
 - Early Years and Foundation Stage Framework (EYFS)
 - o Ofsted: Education Inspection Framework
 - Framework for the Assessment of Children in Need and their Families, 2000
 - Kent and Medway Safeguarding Children Procedures
 - The Education Act 2002
 - Education and Inspections Act 2006
 - o The Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014
 - o The Non-Maintained Special Schools (England) Regulations 2015
 - The Human Rights Act 1998
 - The Equality Act 2010 (including the Public Sector Equality Duty)
- Section 175 of the Education Act 2002 requires school governing bodies, local education authorities and
 further education institutions to make arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children
 who are pupils at a school, or who are students under 18 years of age. Such arrangements will have to
 have regard to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State.
- Ashford Oaks will follow local or national guidance in response to any emergencies. We will amend this
 policy and our procedures as necessary but regardless of the action required, our safeguarding principles
 will remain the same and the welfare of the child is paramount.
- Ashford Oaks is a Rights Respecting school and this policy relates the UN Convention of the Rights of the child, in particular in following Articles:
 - Article 3 Best interests of the child
 - Article 6 Life, survival and development
 - Article 9 separation from parents
 - o Article 11 abduction and non return of children
 - o Article 12 respect for the views of every child
 - o Article 19 protection from violence, abuse and neglect
 - Article 24 health and health services
 - Article 25 review of treatment in care o Article 27 adequate standard of living
 - Article 28 right to education
 - Article 31 Leisure, play and culture
 - o Article 32 child labour
 - o Article 33 drug abuse
 - o Article 34 sexual exploitation
 - Article 35 abduction, sale and trafficking
 - Article 36 other forms of exploitation
 - o Article 37 inhumane treatment and detention
 - Article 38 war and armed conflicts
 - Article 39 recovery from trauma and reintegration

1.3 Definition of Safeguarding

- In line with 'Working Together to Safeguard Children' and KCSIE, safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined for the purposes of this policy as:
 - o providing help and support to meet the needs of children as soon as problems emerge
 - o protecting children from maltreatment, whether that is within or outside the home, including online
 - o preventing impairment of children's mental and physical health or development
 - o ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
 - o promoting the upbringing of children with their birth parents, or otherwise their family network, whenever possible and where this is in the best interests of the child(ren)
 - o taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.
- Child protection is part of safeguarding and promoting the welfare of all children and is defined as activity that is undertaken to protect specific children who are suspected to be suffering, or likely to suffer, significant harm. This includes harm that occurs inside or outside the home, including online.
- Ashford Oaks acknowledges that safeguarding includes a wide range of specific issues including (but not limited to):
 - o Abuse and neglect
 - o Bullying including cyberbullying
 - o Child-on-child abuse
 - o Children with family members in prison
 - o Children who are absent or missing education
 - o Child missing from home or care
 - o Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)
 - o Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)
 - o Contextual Safeguarding (Risks outside the family home)
 - o County Lines and gangs
 - o Domestic abuse
 - o Drugs and alcohol misuse
 - o Fabricated or induced illness
 - o Faith abuse
 - o Gender based abuse and violence against women and girls
 - o Hate
 - o Homelessness
 - o Human trafficking and modern slavery
 - o Mental health
 - o Nude or semi-nude image sharing, aka youth produced/involved sexual imagery or 'sexting'
 - o Online safety, including misinformation, disinformation and AI
 - o Preventing radicalisation and extremism
 - o Private fostering
 - o Relationship abuse
 - o Serious Violence
 - o Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment
 - o So-called 'honour based' abuse including Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and forced marriage
 - o Up skirting

(Also see Part One and Annex B within 'Keeping Children Safe in Education')

1.4 Related Safeguarding Policies

- This policy is one of a series in the Ashford Oak's integrated safeguarding portfolio and should be read and actioned in conjunction with the policies as listed below:
 - Behaviour and Anti Bullying
 - Acceptable Use Policy
 - Complaints
 - Online Safety
 - o GDPR Data Protection and information sharing
 - o Staff Behaviour
 - Safer Recruitment
 - Whistleblowing
 - o Relationship, Sex and Health Education (RSHE)
 - Health and Safety, including plans for school reopening
 - Attendance
 - o Risk Assessments (e.g. school trips, use of technology, school re-opening)
 - First Aid and Accidents, including medication and managing illness, safer eating and allergies, health and safety and infection.
 - Intimate Care Policy
 - Managing Allegations Against Staff
- Supporting Guidance (to be read and followed alongside this document)
 - "Guidance for Safer Working Practice for Adults who Work with Children and Young People in Education Settings"
 - o "What to do if you are worried a child is being abused"
 - Early Years Foundation Stage Welfare Requirements
 - Keeping Children Safe in Education 2025

These documents can be found in the school office and on the school website.

1.5 Policy Compliance, Monitoring and Review

- Ashford Oaks will review this policy at least annually (as a minimum) and will update it as needed, so that it
 is kept up to date with safeguarding issues as they emerge and evolve, including lessons learnt. The policy
 will be revised following any national or local policy updates, any significant national events and/or learning,
 any local child protection concerns and/or any changes to our own procedures.
- All staff (including temporary staff and volunteers) will be provided with a copy of this policy and part one of KCSIE. Copies of which are available in the staff room and our school's website.
- Parents/carers can obtain a copy of the schools Child Protection Policy and other related policies on request. Additionally, our policies can be viewed via the school website https://www.ashfordoaks.kent.sch.uk/
- The policy forms part of our school development plan and will be reviewed annually by the governing body who has responsibility for oversight of safeguarding and child protection systems.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and headteacher will ensure regular reporting on safeguarding activity and systems to the governing body. The governing body will not receive details of individual learner situations or identifying features of families as part of their oversight responsibility

2. Key Responsibilities

2.1 Governance and Leadership

- The governing body and leadership team have a strategic responsibility for the safeguarding arrangements
 and will comply with their duties under legislation. The governing body have regard to the KCSIE guidance
 and will ensure our policies, procedures and training is effective and complies with the law at all times.
- The governing body will facilitate a whole school approach to safeguarding which involves everyone. They
 will ensure that safeguarding and child protection are at the forefront and underpin all relevant aspects of
 process and policy development, so that all systems, processes, and policies operate with the best interests
 of the child at their heart.
- The governing body are aware of their obligations under the Human Rights Act 1998, the Equality Act 2010, (including the Public Sector Equality Duty), and the local multi-agency safeguarding arrangements set out by the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership (KSCMP).
 - This includes but is not limited to safeguarding all members of the school community (for example, staff, pupils, parents/carers and other family members) identified with protected characteristics within the Equality Act; age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation.
 - For further information about our approaches to equality, diversity, and inclusion, please access our schools' policies/website.
 - Additional support for educational settings regarding equality, diversity and inclusion is available via the Education People EDIT Team.
- The governing body and leadership team will ensure that there are policies and procedures in place to ensure appropriate action is taken in a timely manner to safeguard and promote children's welfare.
- The headteacher will ensure that our child protection and safeguarding policies and procedures adopted by the governing body are understood and followed by all staff.
- The school has a nominated governor for safeguarding. The nominated governor will support the DSL and have an oversight in ensuring that the school has an effective policy which interlinks with other related policies; that locally agreed procedures are in place and being followed; and that the policies are reviewed at least annually and when required.
- The governing body will ensure an appropriate senior member of staff from the school leadership team, is
 appointed to the role of designated safeguarding lead (DSL). The governing body and leadership team will
 ensure that the DSL is properly supported in their role and is provided with sufficient time so they can provide
 appropriate support to staff and children regarding any safeguarding and welfare concerns.

2.2 Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

- The school has appointed Jane Marshall, a member of the senior leadership team, to act as our Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL).
- The DSL has overall responsibility for the day-to-day oversight of safeguarding and child protection systems (including online safety) and understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place in Ashford Oaks. Whilst the activities of the DSL may be delegated to the deputies, the ultimate lead

responsibility for safeguarding and child protection remains with the DSL and this responsibility will not be delegated.

- The school have appointed Deputy DSL's, who will have delegated responsibilities and act in the DSLs absence.
 - Phil Chantler Headteacher
 - Vanessa Barnes Family Liaison Officer
 - Emma Betts Family Liaison Officer
- The DSL (and any deputies) will have a more complete safeguarding picture and will be the most appropriate person to advise staff on the response to any safeguarding concerns.
- It is the role of the DSL to carry out their functions as identified in Annex C of KCSIE. This includes but is not limited to:
 - Acting as the central contact point for all staff to discuss any safeguarding concerns
 - Maintain a confidential recording system for safeguarding and child protection concerns
 - o Coordinate safeguarding action for individual children
 - When supporting children with a social worker or looked after children the DSL should have the details
 of the child's social worker and the name of the virtual school head in the authority that looks after
 the child, with the DSL liaising closely with the designated teacher.
 - Liaise with other agencies and professionals in line with KCSIE and WTSC.
 - Ensuring that locally established procedures are put in place by the three safeguarding partners as part of the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership Procedures (KSCMP), including referrals, are followed as necessary.
 - Representing, or ensure the school is appropriately represented at multi-agency safeguarding meetings (including child protection conferences).
 - Managing and monitoring the school's role in any multi-agency plan for a child.
 - Being available during term time (during school hours) for staff in the school to discuss any safeguarding concerns.
 - Ensuring adequate and appropriate DSL cover arrangements in response to any closures and any out
 of hours and/or out of term activities.
 - Taking lead responsibility for online safety, including understanding the filtering and monitoring systems and processes in place.
 - Help promote educational outcomes by sharing the information about the welfare, safeguarding and child protection issues that children, including children with a social worker, are experiencing, or have experienced with teachers and leadership staff.
 - Ensure all staff access appropriate safeguarding training and relevant updates in line with the recommendations within KCSIE.
 - Liaising with the headteacher to inform them of any safeguarding issues, especially ongoing enquiries under the section 47 of the Children Act 1989 and police investigations. This includes being aware of the requirement of children to have an Appropriate Adult (PACE Code C 2019).

The DSL will undergo appropriate and specific training to provide them with the knowledge and skills required to carry out their role. Deputy DSL's will be trained to the same standard as the DSL. The DSL's training will be updated formally at least every 2 years, but their knowledge and skills will be updated through a variety of methods at regular intervals.

2.3 Members of Staff

 Our staff play a particularly important role in safeguarding as they are in a position to observe changes in a child's behaviour or appearance, identify concerns early, provide help for children, promote children's welfare and prevent concerns from escalating.

- All members of staff have a responsibility to:
 - o provide a safe environment in which children can learn.
 - be alert to any issues of concern in a child's life at home or elsewhere.
 - o be aware of the indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation so that they can identify cases of children who may need help or protection.
 - know what to do if a child tells them that they are being abused, neglected, or exploited and understand the impact this can have upon a child.
 - be able to identify and act upon indicators that children are, or at risk of developing mental health issues.
 - be prepared to identify children who may benefit from early help and understand the early help process and their role in it.
 - o understand the school safeguarding policies and systems.
 - Undertake and engage in regular and appropriate training which is regularly updated.
 - be aware of the local process of making referrals to children's social care and statutory assessment under the Children Act 1989.
 - o know how to maintain an appropriate level of confidentiality.
 - o reassure children who report concerns that they are being taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe.
 - o Act in line with our staff code of conduct
 - act in line with Teachers' Standards 2012 which state that teachers (including headteachers) should safeguard children's wellbeing and maintain public trust in the teaching profession as part of their professional duties.

Staff at Ashford Oaks recognise that children may not feel ready or know how to tell someone that they are being abused, exploited, or neglected and/or they may not recognise their experiences as being abusive or harmful. This should not prevent staff from having professional curiosity and speaking to a DSL if they have concerns about a child.

Staff at Ashford Oaks will determine how best to build trusted relationships with children and parents/carers which facilitate appropriate professional communication in line with existing and relevant policies, for example, our staff code of conduct and pupils behaviour policies.

2.4 Children

Children have a right to:

- o Feel safe, be listened to, and have their wishes and feelings taken into account.
- Confidently report abuse, neglect or exploitation, knowing their concerns will be treated seriously, and knowing they can safely express their views and give feedback.
- o Contribute to the development of school safeguarding policies.
- Receive help from a trusted adult.
- Learn how to keep themselves safe, including online.

2.5 Parents and Carers

Parents/carers have a responsibility to:

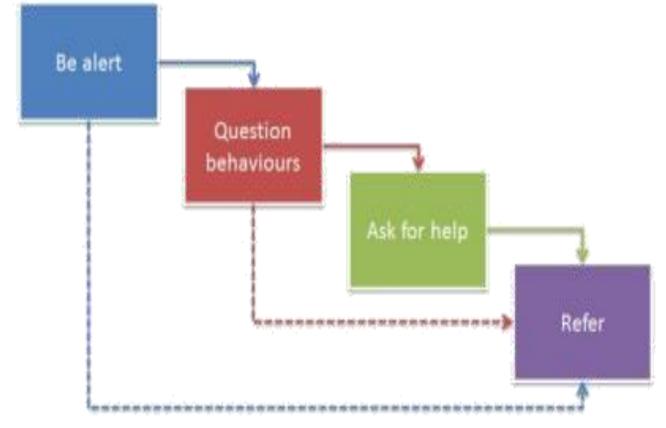
- Understand and adhere to the relevant school policies and procedures.
- Talk to their children about safeguarding issues with their children & support the school in their safeguarding approaches.
- Identify behaviours which could indicate that their child is at risk of harm including online.
- Seek help and support from the school, or other agencies.

3 Child Protection Procedures

3.1 Recognition Indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation.

- Staff will maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here' where safeguarding is concerned. When concerned about the welfare of a child, staff will always act in the best interests of the child.
- All staff are made aware of the definitions and indicators of abuse, neglect and exploitation as identified by Working Together to Safeguard Children and Keeping Children Safe in Education. This is outlined locally within the Kent Support Levels Guidance.
- Ashford Oaks recognise that when assessing whether a child may be suffering actual or potential harm there are four categories of abuse (for more in-depth information, see appendix 1):
 - Physical abuse
 - Sexual abuse
 - Emotional abuse
 - Neglect
- By understanding the indicators or abuse, neglect and exploitation we can respond to problems as early as possible and provide the right support and services for the child and their family.
- All members of staff are expected to be aware of and follow the below approach if they are concerned about a child:

'What to do if you are worried a child is being abused' 2015.



- Ashford Oaks recognises that concerns may arise in many different contexts and can vary greatly in terms of
 their nature and seriousness. The indicators of child abuse, neglect and exploitation can vary from child to
 child. Children develop and mature at different rates, so what appears to be worrying behaviour for a
 younger child might be normal for an older child. It is important to recognise that indicators of abuse, neglect
 and exploitation do not automatically mean a child is being harmed however all concerns should be taken
 seriously and will be explored by the DSL on a case-by-case basis.
- Ashford Oaks recognises abuse, neglect, exploitation and other safeguarding issues are rarely standalone
 events and cannot always be covered by one definition or one label alone. In many cases, multiple issues will
 overlap with one another, therefore staff will always be vigilant and always raise concerns with a DSL.
- Parental behaviours can indicate child abuse, neglect and exploitation so staff will be alert to parent-child
 interactions or concerning parental behaviours; this could include parents who are under the influence of
 drugs or alcohol or if there is a sudden change in their mental health.
- Children may report abuse happening to themselves, their peers or their family members. All reports made by children to staff will be taken seriously and will be responded to in line with this policy.
- Safeguarding incidents and/or behaviours can be associated with factors and risks outside the school.
 Children can be at risk of abuse, neglect or exploitation in situations outside their families; extra-familial harms take a variety of different forms and children can be vulnerable to multiple harms including (but not limited to) sexual exploitation, criminal exploitation, sexual abuse, serious youth violence and county lines.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that technology can be a significant component in many safeguarding and wellbeing
 issues. Children are at risk of abuse or exploitation online from people they know (including other children)
 and from people they do not know; in many cases, abuse will take place concurrently via online channels and
 in daily life.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that some children have additional or complex needs and may require access to intensive or specialist services to support them.
- Following a concern about a child's safety or welfare, the searching and screening of children and
 confiscation of any items, including any electronic devices, will be managed in line with the school's
 behaviour policy which is informed by the DfE 'Searching, screening and confiscation at school' guidance.
- The DSL (or deputy) will be informed of any searching incidents where there were reasonable grounds to suspect a pupil was in possession of a prohibited item as listed in our behaviour policy. The DSL (or deputy) will then consider the circumstances of the pupil who has been searched to assess the incident against any potential wider safeguarding concerns.
- Staff will involve the DSL (or deputy) without delay if they believe that a search has revealed a safeguarding risk.

3.2 Responding to Child Protection Concerns

If staff are concerned about the safety or welfare of a child, they are expected to:

- o listen carefully to child, reflecting back the concern.
- o use the child's language.
- o be non-judgmental.
- avoid leading questions; only prompting the child where necessary with open questions to clarify information where necessary. For example, who, what, where, when or Tell, Explain, Describe (TED).
- o not promise confidentiality as concerns will have to be shared further, for example, with the DSL and potentially Integrated Children's Services.
- o be clear about boundaries and how the report will be progressed.
- record the concern using the facts as the child presents them, in line with school record keeping requirements.
- o inform the DSL (or deputy), as soon as practically possible.
- All staff are made aware that early information sharing is vital for the effective identification, assessment, and allocation of appropriate service provision, whether this is when problems first emerge, or where a child is already known to other agencies. Staff will not assume a colleague, or another professional will act and share information that might be critical in keeping children safe.
- Ashford Oaks will respond to safeguarding concerns in line with the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership procedures (KSCMP).
 - The full KSCMP procedures and additional guidance relating to reporting concerns and specific safeguarding issues can be found on their website: www.kscmp.org.uk
- In Kent, Early Help and Preventative Services and Children's Social Work Services are part of <u>Integrated Children's Services</u> (ICS) and are accessed via the 'Front Door Service'/<u>Kent Children's Services Portal</u>.
- 'Early help' is defined in 'Working together to safeguard children' as support for children of all ages that improves a family's resilience and outcomes or reduces the chance of a problem getting worse. It is not an individual service, but a system of support delivered by local authorities and their partners, including education providers, working together and taking collective responsibility to provide the right provision in their area.
 - If early help support is appropriate, the DSL (or a deputy) will lead on exploring internal resources available and liaising with other universal or additional services available via local agencies.
 - Where Intensive Support Early Help (provided by ICS, outlined in the <u>KSCMP support levels</u> guidance) is considered to be appropriate, the DSL (or deputy) will make a 'request for support' via the Kent Children's Services Portal.
 - Staff, including the DSL, may be required to work with other agencies and professionals in an early help assessment.
 - The DSL will keep all Early Help cases under constant review and consideration will be given to escalating concerns and/or seeking advice from the Front Door Service if the situation does not appear to be improving or is getting worse.
- Where a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer from harm, or is in immediate danger (for example, under section 17 or 47 of the Children Act), intensive or specialist support is required and a 'request for support' will be made immediately to Kent <u>Integrated Children's Services</u> (via the <u>portal</u>) and/or the police, in line with the Kent Support Level Guidance and KSCMP procedures.

- Ashford Oaks recognise that in situations where there are immediate child protection concerns for a child as identified in line with Support Level Guidance, it is NOT to investigate as a single agency, but to act in line with KSCMP guidance which may involve multi-agency decision making.
- If they believe a child may be in need of support but are unclear whether a Request for Support should be sublitted the DSL may seek advice or guidance from a social worker via the Front Door Service before deciding next steps.
- The DSL, or a deputy DSL in the absence of the DSL will have the overall responsibility for making referrals.
 However, all staff are made aware of the local process for making referrals to Integrated Children's Services and for statutory assessments under the Children Act 1989, especially section 17 (children in need) and section 47 (a child suffering, or likely to suffer, significant harm) that may follow a referral, along with the role they might be expected to play in such assessments.
- If staff have any concerns about a child's welfare, they are expected to act on them immediately. If staff are unsure if something is a safeguarding issue, they will speak to the DSL (or deputy). If in exceptional circumstances, a DSL is not available, this should not delay appropriate action being taken by staff.
 - Staff will speak to a member of the senior leadership team, request a consultation with a social worker from the Front Door Service, or make a request for support to the Front Door Service themselves; for contact information,
 - In these circumstances, any action taken by staff will be shared with a DSL as soon as is possible.
- In the event of a request for support to the Front Door Service being necessary, parents/carers will be informed and consent to this will be sought by the DSL in line with guidance provided by KSCMP and ICS. Parents/carers will always be informed in the case of a request for support being submitted by the school, unless there is a valid reason not to do so, for example, if informing them may put a child at risk of harm or could undermine a criminal investigation.
- If, after a request for support or any other planned external intervention, a child's situation does not appear to be improving, or concerns regarding receiving a decision or the decisions made, staff or the DSL will re-refer (if appropriate) and/or DSLs will follow the Kent Escalation and Professional Challenge Policy to ensure their concerns have been addressed and, most importantly, that the child's situation improves.
- DSLs and staff will be mindful of the need for the school to ensure any activity or support implemented to support children and/or families is recorded. Support provided by the school where families are struggling will be overseen and reviewed by the DSL on a regular basis to ensure activity does not obscure potential safeguarding concerns from the wider professional network.

3.3 Child Protection Records

- All safeguarding concerns, discussions and decisions, and reasons for those decisions, will be recorded in writing or on the school safeguarding system (CPOMs) and pass them without delay to the DSL.
- Incidents are recorded on CPOMs and any associated paperwork will be stored in a locked cabinet in the DSL's office.
- Records will be completed as soon as possible after the incident/event, using the child's words and will be signed and dated by the member of staff if a pink slip is completed. Child Protection records will record facts and not personal opinions. A body map will be completed if visible injuries have been observed.
- If there is an immediate safeguarding concern the member of staff will consult with a DSL before completing the form as reporting urgent concerns takes priority.
- If members of staff are in any doubt about recording requirements, they will discuss their concerns with the DSL.

- Our Child protection records will include a clear and comprehensive summary of the concern, details of how
 the concern was followed up and resolved and details regarding any action taken, decisions reached and the
 outcome.
- Child protection records are kept confidential and stored securely. Child protection records will be kept for
 individual children and will be maintained separately from all other records relating to the child in the school.
 Child protection records are kept in accordance with data protection legislation and are retained centrally
 and securely by the DSL.

3.4 Transferring Child Protection Files

- All child protection records will be transferred in accordance with data protection legislation to the child's subsequent school, under confidential and separate cover as soon as possible. Child Protection files will be transferred securely to the new DSL, separately to the child's main file, and a confirmation of receipt will be obtained.
- In addition to the child protection file, the DSL will also consider if it would be appropriate to share any information with the DSL at the new school or college in advance of a child leaving, for example, information that would allow the new school or college to continue to provide support.
- Where the school receives child protection files from another setting the DSL will ensure key staff such as
 the special educational needs co-ordinators (SENCOs), Kelly Hazle and Alice Webber, will be made aware of
 relevant information as required.
- Where a pupil joins the school and no child protection files are received, the DSL will proactively seek to confirm from the previous setting whether any child protections exist for the pupil, and if so, if the files have been sent.

3.5 Multi-agency Working

- Ashford Oaks recognises the pivotal role we have to play in multi-agency safeguarding arrangements and is committed to its responsibility to work within the KSCMP multi-agency safeguarding arrangements as identified within 'Working Together to Safeguard Children'.
- The School leadership team, governing body and DSL(s) will work to establish strong and co-operative local
 relationships with professionals in other agencies, including the safeguarding partners in line with local and
 national guidance. Some examples of multi-agency relationships may include, social workers, early help
 workers, health professionals (such as Paediatricians, health visitors, mental health services and speech and
 language therapists), specialist teachers, education psychologists and the police.
- Ashford Oaks recognises the importance of multi-agency working and is committed to working alongside
 partner agencies to provide a coordinated response to promote children's welfare and protect them from
 harm. This includes contributing to KSCMP processes as required, such as, participation in relevant
 safeguarding multi-agency plans and meetings, including Child Protection Conferences, Core Groups,
 Strategy Meetings, Child in Need meetings or other early help multi-agency meetings.
- The School will allow access for Kent Children's Social Work Service and, where appropriate, from a placing local authority, to conduct, or to consider whether to conduct, a section 17 or a section 47 assessment.
- The headteacher and DSL are aware of the requirement for children to have an Appropriate Adult (PACE Code C 2019) where there is a need for detention, treatment and questioning by police officers and will respond to concerns in line with our school/college 'Searching, Screening and Confiscation' policy and/or behaviour policy, which is informed by the DfE 'Searching, screening and confiscation at school' guidance.

3.6 Confidentiality and Information Sharing

Ashford Oaks recognises our duty and powers to hold, use and share relevant information with appropriate agencies in matters relating to child protection at the earliest opportunity as per statutory guidance outlined within KCSIE and WTSC.

 Ashford Oaks has an appropriately trained Data Protection Officer (DPO) - Sarah Sullivan, as required by the UK General Data Protection Regulations (UK GDPR) to ensure that our setting is compliant with all matters relating to confidentiality and information sharing requirements.

- All staff are made aware of the need to protect the privacy of the children in their care, as well the legal
 requirements that exist to ensure that information relating to the child is handled in a way that ensures both
 confidentiality and safeguarding.
 - Ashford Oaks will ensure staff are aware of our confidentiality policy and will ensure there is an area where staff may talk to parents and/or carers confidentially.
 - All staff are aware they cannot promise a child that they will not tell anyone about a report of any form of abuse, as this is not in the best interests of the child.
 - Staff made aware of their professional responsibility to be proactive in sharing information as early as possible to help identify, assess, and respond to risks or concerns about the safety and welfare of children; this may include sharing information with the DSL and with other agencies as appropriate.
- Staff will have due regard to the relevant data protection principles which allow them to share and withhold personal information.
 - The Data Protection Act 2018, and the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) places duties on schools and individuals to process personal information fairly and lawfully and to keep the information they hold safe and secure. The Data Protection Act 2018 and UK GDPR do not prevent the sharing of information for the purposes of keeping children safe. Fears about sharing information must not be allowed to stand in the way of the need to safeguard and promote the welfare and protect the safety of children.
 - All staff will be provided with training and information to ensure they understand the relevant data protection principles which allow them to share and/or withhold personal information.

The headteacher and DSL will disclose relevant safeguarding information about a pupil with staff on a 'need to know' basis.

3.7 Complaints

- All members of the school community should feel able to raise or report any concerns about children's safety
 or potential failures in the school safeguarding regime. The school has a Complaints Procedure available to
 parents, pupils and member of staff and visitors who wish to report concerns or complaints. This can be
 found in the school office and the website.
- Whilst we encourage members of our community to report concerns and complaints directly to us, we
 recognise this may not always be possible. Childrenand adults who have experienced abuse at school can
 contact the NSPCC 'Report Abuse in Educations' helpline on 0800 136 663 or via email: help@nspcc.org.uk
- Staff can also access the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline if they do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally.
- Staff can call 0800 028 0285 (8.00a.m. to 8.00p.m. Monday to Friday) or email help@nspcc.org.uk
- The leadership team at Ashford Oaks will take all concerns reported to the school seriously and all complaints will be considered and responded to in line with the relevant and appropriate process.
 - Anything that constitutes an allegation against a member of staff or volunteer will be dealt with in line with section 8 of this policy.

4 Specific Safeguarding Issues

- Ashford Oaks is aware of the range of specific safeguarding issues and situations that can put children at
 greater risk of harm. In addition to Part One, DSLs, school leaders and staff who work directly with children
 will read annex B of KCSIE which contains important additional information about specific forms of abuse
 and safeguarding issues.
- Where staff are unsure how to respond to specific safeguarding issues, they should follow the processes as identified in part 3 of this policy and speak with the DSL or a deputy.

4.1 Child-on-child abuse

- All members of staff at Ashford Oaks recognise that children are can abuse other children (referred to childon-child abuse, previously known as 'peer-on-peer' abuse), and that it can happen both inside and outside of school and online.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that child-on-child abuse can take many forms, including but not limited to:
 - o Bullying, including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying
 - o abuse in intimate personal relationships between children
 - physical abuse which can include hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling, or otherwise causing physical harm
 - o sexual violence and sexual harassment
 - consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos (also known as sexting or youth produced sexual imagery)
 - causing someone to engage in sexual activity without consent, such as forcing someone to strip,
 touch themselves sexually, or to engage in sexual activity with a third party
 - up skirting (which is a criminal offence), which typically involves taking a picture under a person's clothing without their permission, with the intention of viewing their genitals or buttocks to obtain sexual gratification, or cause the victim humiliation, distress or alarm
 - o initiation/hazing type violence and rituals
- Any allegations of child-on-child abuse will be recorded, investigated, and dealt with in line with this child protection policy and KCSIE (in particular, part two and five).
- Ashford Oaks adopts a zero approach to child-on-child abuse. We believe that abuse is abuse and it will
 never be tolerated or dismissed as "just banter", "just having a laugh", "part of growing up" or "boys being
 boys" as this can lead to a culture of unacceptable behaviours and can create an unsafe environment for
 children and a culture that normalises abuse, which can prevent children from coming forward to report
 it.
- All staff have a role to play in challenging inappropriate behaviours between children. Staff recognise that that some child-on-child abuse issues may be affected by gender, age, ability and culture of those involved, i.e. for gender based abuse, girls are more likely to be victims and boys more likely to be perpetrators.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that even if there are no reported cases of child-on-child abuse, such abuse is still
 likely to be taking place and it may be the case that it is just not being reported. As such, it is important
 that staff speak to the DSL (or deputy) about any concerns regarding child-on-child abuse.
- Concerns about pupils behaviour, including child-on-child abuse taking place offsite will be responded to
 as part of a partnership approach with pupil and parents/carers. Offsite behaviour concerns will be
 recorded and responded to in line with existing appropriate policies, for example anti-bullying, acceptable
 use, behaviour and child protection policies. Section 89(5) of the Education and Inspections Act 2006 gives
 headteachers a statutory power to discipline pupils for poor behaviour outside of the school premises e.g.
 when children are not under the lawful control or charge of a member of school staff, to such extent as is
 reasonable.
- In order to minimise the risk of child-on-child abuse, Ashford Oaks will:
 - o Be proactive in following the Behaviour and Anti bullying Policy
 - o Share trends and concerns via assemblies, circle time, RSHE, PSHE
 - o Rights Respecting Schools Agenda
 - School Buddies
 - o Restorative Justice

- Ashford Oaks want children to feel able to confidently report abuse and know their concerns will be treated seriously. All allegations of child-on-child abuse will be reported to the DSL and will be recorded, investigated, and dealt with in line with associated school policies, including child protection, anti-bullying and behaviour.
 Pupils who experience abuse will be offered appropriate support, regardless of where the abuse takes place.
- Alleged victims, alleged perpetrators and any other child affected by child-on-child abuse will be supported by:
 - Ashford Oaks staff will take reports seriously, listening carefully, avoiding victim blaming, providing appropriate pastoral support, working with parents/carers, reviewing educational approaches, following procedures as identified in other policies e.g. the Behaviour and Anti Bullying Policy and where necessary informing the police and/or ICS.

4.2 Sexual violence and sexual harassment

- When responding to concerns relating to child on child sexual violence or harassment, Ashford Oaks will follow the guidance outlined in Part Five of KCSIE.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that sexual violence and sexual abuse can happen anywhere, and all staff will
 maintain an attitude of 'it could happen here'. Ashford Oaks recognises sexual violence and sexual
 harassment can occur between two children of any age and sex. It can occur through a group of children
 sexually assaulting or sexually harassing a single child or group of children and can occur online and face to
 face (both physically and verbally). Sexual violence and sexual harassment is never acceptable.
- <u>All</u> victims of sexual violence or sexual harassment will be reassured that they are being taken seriously, regardless of how long it has taken them to come forward, and that they will be supported and kept safe. A victim will never be given the impression that they are creating a problem by reporting sexual violence or sexual harassment, or ever be made to feel ashamed for making a report.
- Abuse that occurs online or outside of the school will not be dismissed or downplayed and will be treated
 equally seriously and in line with relevant policies/procedures, for example anti-bullying, behaviour, child
 protection, online safety.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that the law is in place to protect children and young people rather than criminalise them, and this will be explained in such a way to pupils that avoids alarming or distressing them.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that an initial disclosure to a trusted adult may only be the first incident reported,
 rather than representative of a singular incident and that trauma can impact memory, so children may not
 be able to recall all details or timeline of abuse. All staff will be aware certain children may face additional
 barriers to telling someone, for example because of their vulnerability, disability, sex, ethnicity, and/or sexual
 orientation.
- The DSL (or deputy) is likely to have a complete safeguarding picture and will be the most appropriate person to advise on the initial response.
 - The DSL will make an immediate risk and needs assessment which will be considered on a case-by-case basis which explores how best to support and protect the victim and the alleged perpetrator, and any other children involved/impacted, in line with part five of KCSIE and relevant local/national guidance and support, for example KSCMP procedures.
 - The risk and needs assessment will be recorded and kept under review and will consider the victim (especially their protection and support), the alleged perpetrator, and all other children, and staff and any actions that are required to protect them.

- Any concerns involving an online element will take place in accordance with relevant local/national guidance and advice.
- Reports will initially be managed internally by the school and where necessary will be referred to <u>Integrated Children's Services</u> (Early Help and/or Children's Social Work Service) via the Children's portal and/or the police. Important considerations which may influence this decision include:
 - o the wishes of the victim in terms of how they want to proceed.
 - o the nature of the alleged incident(s), including whether a crime may have been committed and/or whether Harmful Sexual Behaviour has been displayed.
 - the ages of the children involved.
 - o the developmental stages of the children involved. o any power imbalance between the children.
 - o if the alleged incident is a one-off or a sustained pattern of abuse sexual abuse can be accompanied by other forms of abuse and a sustained pattern may not just be of a sexual nature.
 - that sexual violence and sexual harassment can take place within intimate personal relationships between children.
 - o understanding intra familial harms and any necessary support for siblings following incidents.
 - o whether there are any ongoing risks to the victim, other children, adult students, or school staff.
 - o any other related issues and wider context, including any links to child sexual exploitation and child criminal exploitation.
 - The school will in most instances engage with both the victim's and alleged perpetrator's parents/carers when there has been a report of sexual violence; this might not be necessary or proportionate in the case of sexual harassment and will depend on a case-by-case basis. The exception to this is if there is a reason to believe informing a parent/carer will put a child at additional risk. Any information shared with parents/carers will be in line with information sharing expectations, our confidentiality policy, and any data protection requirements, and where they are involved, will be subject to discussion with other agencies (for example Children's Social Work Service and/or the police) to ensure a consistent approach is taken.
- If at any stage the DSL is unsure if a request for support is appropriate, advice may be sought from the Front Door Service.

4.3 Nude and/or Semi-Nude Image Sharing by Children

The term 'sharing nudes and semi-nudes' is used to mean the sending or posting of nude or semi-nude images, videos or live streams of/by young people under the age of 18. Creating and sharing nudes and semi-nudes of under-18s (including those created and shared with consent) is illegal which makes responding to incidents complex.

- Ashford Oaks recognises that consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos (also known as youth produced/involved sexual imagery or "sexting") can be a safeguarding issue; all concerns will be reported to and dealt with by the DSL (or deputy).
- When made aware of concerns involving consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos by children, staff are advised to:
 - Report any concerns to the DSL immediately.
 - Never view, copy, print, share, forward, store or save the imagery, or ask a child to share or download it – this may be illegal. If staff have already inadvertently viewed the imagery this will be immediately reported to the DSL.
 - Not delete the imagery or ask the child to delete it.
 - To avoid saying or doing anything to blame or shame any children involved.
 - Explain to child(ren) involved that they will report the issue to the DSL and reassure them that they
 will receive appropriate support and help.
 - Not to investigate or ask children to disclose information regarding the imagery

To not share information about the incident with other members of staff, children or parents/carers including the families and child(ren) involved in the incident. s. This is the responsibility of the DSL.

- DSL's will respond to concerns in line with the non-statutory UKCIS guidance: 'Sharing nudes and semi nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people' and the local KSCMP guidance. When made aware of a concern involving consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nude images and/or videos:
 - the DSL will hold an initial review meeting to explore the context and ensure appropriate and proportionate safeguarding action is taken in the best interests of any child involved. This may mean speaking with relevant staff and the children involved as appropriate.

 \circ

- All decisions and action taken via the Children's Portal will be recorded in line with our child protection procedures.
- o A referral will be made to ICS and/or the police immediately if:
 - o the incident involves an adult (over 18).
 - there is reason to believe that a child has been coerced, blackmailed, or groomed, or there are concerns about their capacity to consent, for example, age of the child or they have special educational needs.
 - the image/videos involve sexual acts and a child under the age of 13, depict sexual acts which are unusual for the child's developmental stage, or are violent.
 - a child is at immediate risk of harm owing to the sharing of nudes and semi-nudes.

The DSL may choose to involve other agencies at any time if further information/concerns are disclosed at a later date.

If DSLs are unsure if a request for support is appropriate, advice may be sought from the Front Door Service.

4.4 Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)

- Ashford Oaks recognises both CSE and CCE are forms of abuse that occur where an individual or group takes
 advantage of an imbalance in power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into taking part in sexual or
 criminal activity, in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or for the financial advantage
 or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator and/or through violence or the threat of violence. CSE
 and CCE can affect children, both male and female and can include children who have been moved
 (commonly referred to as trafficking) for the purpose of exploitation.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that children can become trapped in CCE as perpetrators can threaten victims and
 their families with violence or entrap and coerce them into debt. Children involved in criminal exploitation
 often commit crimes themselves which can mean their vulnerability as victims is not always recognised
 (particularly older children) and they are not treated as victims, despite the harm they have experienced.
 The experience of girls who are criminally exploited can also be very different to that of boys. We also
 recognise that boys and girls being criminally exploited may be at higher risk of child sexual exploitation
 (CSE).
- Ashford Oaks recognises that CSE can occur over time or be a one-off occurrence and may happen without
 the child's immediate knowledge, for example through others sharing videos or images of them on social
 media. CSE can affect any child who has been coerced into engaging in sexual activities and includes 16 and
 17 year olds who can legally consent to have sex. Some children may not realise they are being exploited,
 for example they may believe they are in a genuine romantic relationship.
- If staff are concerned that a child may be at risk of CSE or CCE, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.

4.5 Serious Violence

- All staff are made aware of the indicators which may signal children are at risk from or are involved with serious violent crime. These may include unexplained gifts or new possessions, increased absence from school, a change in friendships or relationships with older individuals or groups, a significant decline in performance, signs of self-harm or a significant change in wellbeing, or signs of assault or unexplained injuries. Unexplained gifts or new possessions could also indicate that children have been approached by, or are involved with, individuals associated with criminal networks or gangs and may be at risk of CCE.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that the likelihood of involvement in serious violence may be increased by factors such as being male, having been frequently absent or permanently excluded, having experienced child maltreatment and having been involved in offending, such as theft or robbery. Additionally, violence can peak in the hours just before or just after school when pupils are travelling to and from school and these may be particulary risky times for children involved in serious crime.
- Any concerns regarding serious violence will be reported and responded to in line with other child protection
 concerns by speaking to a DSL or deputy. The initial response to child victims is important and staff will take
 any allegations seriously and work in ways that support children and keep them safe.

4.6 Modern Slavery and the National Referral Mechanism (NFM)

- Modern slavery encompasses human trafficking and slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour.
 Exploitation can take many forms, including sexual exploitation, forced labour, slavery, servitude, forced criminality and the removal of organs. Further information on the signs that someone may be a victim of modern slavery, the support available to victims and how to refer them to the NRM is available in the Statutory Guidance: Modern slavery: how to identify and support victims.
- If there are concerns that any member of the community is a victim or involved with modern slavery, concerns should be shared with a DSL or deputy and will and responded to in line with this policy.

4.7 So-called honour based abuse (HBA)

- So-called 'honour'-based abuse (HBA) encompasses incidents or crimes which have been committed to
 protect or defend the honour of the family and/or the community, including female genital mutilation
 (FGM), forced marriage, and practices such as breast ironing. Abuse comitted in the context of preserving
 'honour' often involves a wider network of family or community pressure and can include multiple
 perpetrators.
- All forms of HBA are abuse (regardless of the motivation) and concerns should be responded to in line with section 3 of this policy. Staff will report any concerns about HBA to the DSL (or a deputy). If there is an immediate threat, the police will be contacted.
- All staff will speak to the DSL (or deputy) if they have any concerns about forced marriage. Staff can also contact the Forced Marriage Unit if they need advice or information: 020 7008 0151 or fmu@fcdo.gov.uk
- Whilst all staff will speak to the DSL (or deputy) if they have any concerns about risk or suspected cases of FGM, there is a specific legal reporting duty on teachers.
 - Section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003 (as inserted by section 74 of the Serious Crime Act 2015) places a statutory duty upon teachers in England and Wales, to personally report to the police where they discover that FGM appears to have been carried out.
 - It will be rare for teachers to see visual evidence, and they should not be examining pupils/students, however teachers who do not personally report such concerns may face disciplinary sanctions. Further information on when and how to make a report can be found at: Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation procedural information and FGM Mandatory reporting Duty Fact Sheet.

• Unless the teacher has good reason not to, they are expected to also discuss any FGM concerns with the DSL (or a deputy), and Kent Integrated Childrens Services should be informed as appropriate.

4.8 Preventing radicalisation

- Ashford Oaks recognises that children may be susceptible to radicalisation into terrorism.
- Ashford Oaks is aware of our duty under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (the CTSA 2015), to have "due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism", also known as the Prevent duty and the <u>specific obligations</u> placed upon us as an education provider regarding risk assessments, working in partnership, staff training, and IT policies.
- It is possible to protect prople from extremist ideology and intervene to prevent those at risk of radicalisation being drawn into terrorism. As with other safeguarding risks, staff should be alert to changes in children's behaviour, which could indicate that they may be in need of help or protection.
- All staff have received appropriate training to enable them to be alert to changes in children's behaviour which could indicate that they may need help or protection from radicalisation.
- Staff will be supported to use their judgement in identifying children who might be at risk of radicalisation and will act proportionately; staff will report concerns to the DSL (or a deputy), who, where appropriate, will follow the <u>local procedures</u> in regard to making a Prevent referral.
- If there is an immediate threat to safety, the police will be contacted via 999.
- Where a child is receiving support regarding concerns relating to preventing radicalisation, for example, through the 'Channel' programme, the DSL will consider if it would be appropriate to share any information if/when a child leaves to attend any new school so support can be put in place for when the child arrives.

4.9 Cybercrime

- Ashford Oaks recognises that children with particular skill and interest in computing and technology may
 inadvertently or deliberately stray into 'cyber-enabled' (crimes that can happen offline but are enabled
 at scale and at speed online) or 'cyber dependent' (crimes that can be committed only by using a
 computer/internet enabled device) cybercrime.
- If staff are concerned that a child may be at risk of becoming involved in cyber-dependent cybercrime, the
 DSL or deputy will be informed, and consideration will be given to accessing local support and/or referring
 into the <u>Cyber Choices</u> programme, which aims to intervene when children are at risk of committing, or being
 drawn into, low level cyber-dependent offences and divert them to a more positive use of their skills and
 interests.
- Where there are concerns about 'cyber-enabled' crime such as fraud, purchasing of illegal drugs online, child sexual abuse and exploitation, or other areas of concern such as online bullying or general online safety, they will be responded to in line with the child protection and other appropriate policies.

Kent DSL'c can seek advice from Kent Police and/or the Education Safeguarding Service.

4.10 Domestic abuse

Ashford Oaks recognises that:

• domestic abuse can encompass a wide range of behaviours and may be a single incident or a pattern of incidents.

- domestic abuse can include, but is not limited to, psychological (including coercive control), physical, sexual, economic, or emotional abuse.
- children can be victims of domestic abuse if they see, hear, or experience the effects of abuse at home and/or suffer domestic abuse in their own intimate relationships (teenage relationship abuse).
- anyone can be a victim of domestic abuse, regardless of sexual identity, age, ethnicity, socio-economic status, sexuality or background, and domestic abuse can take place inside or outside of the home.
- domestic abuse can take place within different types of relationships, including ex-partners and family members.
- there is always a potential for domestic abuse to take place when parents/families separate, or for existing domestic abuse to persist or escalate post separation.
- domestic abuse can have a detrimental and long-term impact on children's health, well-being, development, and ability to learn.
- domestic abuse concerns will not be looked at in isolation and our response will be considered as part of a holistic approach which takes into account children's lived experiences.
- it is important not to use victim blaming language and to adopt a trauma informed approach when responding to concerns relating to domestic abuse.
- If staff are concerned that a child may be at risk of seeing, hearing, or experiencing the effects of any form of domestic abuse, or in their own intimate relationships, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.
- Ashford Oaks is an <u>Operation Encompass School</u>. This means we work in partnership with Kent Police to provide support to children experiencing the effects of domestic abuse. An Operation Encompass notification is sent to the school when the police are called to an incident of domestic abuse and there are children in the household; the police are expected to inform schools before the child(ren) arrive the following day.
 - Operation Encompass notifications help ensure that we have up to date and relevant information about children's circumstances and enable us to put immediate support in place according to the child's needs.
 - Operation Encompass does not replace statutory safeguarding procedures and where appropriate, a referral to the Front Door Service will be made if there are any concerns about a child's welfare.
 - Where the school is unsure of how to respond to a notification, advice will be sought from the Front Door Service or the Operation Encompass helpline which is available 8AM to 1PM, Monday to Friday on 0204 513 9990.

4.11 Mental health

- All staff recognise that mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation.
- Staff are aware that children's experiences, for example where children have suffered abuse and neglect, or other potentially traumatic Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs), can impact on their mental health, behaviour, and education.
- Staff are well placed to observe children day-to-day and identify those whose behaviour suggests that they
 may be experiencing a mental health problem or be at risk of developing one.
- If staff have a mental health concern about a child that is also a safeguarding concern, immediate action should be taken by speaking to the DSL or a deputy.

5 Supporting Children Potentially at Greater Risk of Harm

• Whilst all children should be protected, Ashford Oaks acknowledge that some groups of children are potentially at greater risk of harm. This can include the following groups:

5.1 Safeguarding Children with Special Educational Needs or Disabilities (SEND)

- Ashford Oaks acknowledges that children with special educational needs or disabilities (SEND) or certain health conditions can face additional safeguarding challenges and barriers for recognising abuse, neglect and exploitation.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that children with SEND may face additional communication barriers and experience
 difficulties in managing or reporting abuse or challenges. Children with SEND will be appropriately supported
 to communicate and ensure that their voice is heard and acted upon.
- All members of staff will be encouraged to appropriately explore possible indicators of abuse, neglect and
 exploitation such as behaviour, mood changes or injuries and not to assume that they are related to the
 child's special educational need or disability. Members of staff are encouraged to be aware that children
 with SEND can be disproportionally impacted by safeguarding concerns, such as exploitation, peer group
 isolation or bullying including prejudice-based bullying, without outwardly showing any signs
- To address these additional challenges, our school will always consider implementing extra pastoral support
 and attention for children with SEND. The DSL will work closely with the SENDco's to plan support as
 required.

Our school has robust intimate/personal care procedures which ensure that the health, safety, independence, and welfare of children is promoted, and their dignity and privacy are respected. Arrangements for intimate and personal care are open and transparent and accompanied by robust recording systems. Further information can be found in our Intimate Care Policy.

5.2 Children Requiring Mental Health Support

- Ashford Oaks has an important role to play in supporting the mental health and wellbeing of our pupils.
 Mental health problems can, in some cases, be an indicator that a child has suffered or is at risk of suffering abuse, neglect or exploitation.
- Where there are concerns regarding possible mental health problems for school staff should:
 - Should complete a CPOM's incident record and attach the SENDco
 - The Pastoral Support Team will liaise with the SENDco and interventions will be planned and recorded. A decision in consultation with the parents/carers to consider referring the child to the School Health Service, NELFT or bespoke specialist support.
 - Age/ability appropriate education will be provided to our pupil to help promote positive health, wellbeing, and resilience, for example; PST support, circle time, PSHE

5.3 Children who are absent from Education

- Children being absent from education for prolonged periods and/or on repeat occasions can act as a vital
 warning sign to a range of safeguarding issues including neglect, child sexual and child criminal exploitation particularly county lines.
- A robust response to children who are absent from education for prolonged periods and/or on repeat
 occasions will support the identification of such abuse and may help prevent the risk of children going missing
 in the future. This includes when problems are first emerging and also where children are already known to
 Kent Integrated Childrens Services and/or have a social worker (such as a child who is a child in need or who
 has a child protection plan, or is a looked after child), where being absent from education may increase known
 safeguarding risks within the family or in the community.
- Where possible, the school will hold more than one emergency contact number for each pupil, so we have
 additional options to make contact with a responsible adult if a child missing education is also identified as a
 welfare and/or safeguarding concern There is an expectation that emergency contact information will be held
 for both parents, unless doing so would put a child at risk of harm.

 Where the school have concerns that a child has unexplainable and/or persistent absences from education and/or is missing from education, we will respond in line with our statutory duties (DfE: <u>Children missing</u> <u>education</u>) and local policies. Local support is available via the Kent <u>(KPAS)</u>

5.4 Elective Home Education (EHE)

- Where a parent/carer expresses their intention to remove a child from school with a view to educating at home, we will respond in line with <u>national Elective Home Education guidance</u> and local <u>Kent guidance</u>.
- We will work together with parents/carers and other key professionals and organisations to_ensure decisions are made in the best interest of the child.

5.5 Children who may benefit from Early Help

- Any child may benefit from early help, but all staff should be particularly alert to the potential need for early help for a child who:
 - o is disabled or has certain health conditions and has specific additional needs
 - o has special educational needs (whether or not they have a statutory Education, Health and Care plan)
 - o has a mental health need
 - is a young carer
 - o is showing signs of being drawn in to anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups or county lines
 - o is frequently missing/goes missing from education, home or care,
 - o has experienced multiple suspensions, is at risk of being permanently excluded from schools, colleges and in Alternative Provision or a Pupil Referral Unit.
 - o is at risk of modern slavery, trafficking, sexual and/or criminal exploitation
 - is at risk of being radicalised or exploited
 - o has a parent or carer in custody, or is affected by parental offending
 - o is in a family circumstance presenting challenges for the child, such as drug and alcohol misuse, adult mental health issues and domestic abuse
 - o is misusing alcohol and other drugs themselves
 - o is at risk of so-called 'honour'-based abuse such as Female Genital Mutilation or Forced Marriage
 - o is a privately fostered child.
- Where it is identified a child may need early help, staff and DSLs will respond in line with section 3 of this policy.

5.6 Children who need a Social Worker (child in need and child protection plans)

- The DSL will hold details of social workers working with children in the school so that decisions can be made in the best interests of the child's safety, welfare, and educational outcomes.
- Where children have a social worker, this will inform school decisions about their safety and promoting their welfare, for example, responding to unauthorised absence and provision of pastoral and/or academic support.

5.7 Looked after children, (including kinship care) previously looked after children and care leavers

- Ashford Oaks recognises the common reason for children becoming looked after is as a result of abuse, neglect and/or exploitation and a previously looked after child also potentially remains vulnerable.
- The school has appointed a <u>'designated teacher'</u> Alice Webber SENDCo who works with local authorities, including Virtual School Kent (including the virtual school head) to promote the educational achievement of registered pupils who are looked after or who have been previously looked after including those in kinship care.

- The designated teacher will work with the DSL to ensure appropriate staff have the information they need
 in relation to a child's looked after legal status, contact arrangements with birth parents or those with
 parental responsibility, care arrangements and the levels of authority delegated to the carer by the authority
 looking after them.
- Where a child is looked after, the DSL will hold details of the social worker and the name of the virtual school head in the authority that looks after the child.
- Where a child is leaving care, the DSL will hold details of the local authority Personal Advisor appointed to guide and support them and will liaise with them as necessary regarding any issues of concern.

5.8 Children who are privately fostered

Private fostering occurs when a child under the age of 16 (under 18 for children with a disability) is provided with care and accommodation by a person with parental responsibility for them or a relative in their own home. A child is not privately fostered if the person caring for and accommodating them has done so for less than 28 days and does not intend to do so for longer.

Where private fostering arrangements come to the attention of the school, for example, through the normal course of their interaction and promotion of learning activities with children, we must notify Kent Intergrated Childrens Services in line with the local KSCMP arrangements in order to allow the local authority to check the arrangement is suitable and safe for the child.

5.9 Children who are Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, or Gender Questioning.

- The fact that a child or a young person may belesbian, gay, bisexual or gender questioning is not in itself an inherent risk factor for harm, however, Ashford Oaks recognises that children who are lesbian, gay, bisexual or gender questioning or are perceived by other children to be (whether they are or not) can be targeted by other children or others within the wider community.
- When supporting a gender questioning child, the school will consider the broad range of their individual needs,
 in partnership with the child's parents (other than in the exceptionally rare circumstances where involving
 parents would constitute a significant risk of harm to the child), including any clinical advice that is available and
 how to address wider vulnerabilities such as the risk of bullying
- Ashford Oaks recognises risks can be compounded where children who are lesbian, gay, bisexual or gender
 questioning lack a trusted adult with whom they can be open. Appropriate education is included within our
 Relationships Education/ Relationship and Sex Education and Health Education curriculum, and our staff will
 endeavour to reduce the additional barriers faced and provide a safe space that facilitates a culture where
 children can speak out or share any concerns.

6 Online Safety

- It is essential that children are safeguarded from potentially harmful and inappropriate material or behaviours online. Ashford Oaks will adopt a whole school approach to online safety which will empower, protect, and educate our pupils and staff in their use of technology, and establish mechanisms to identify, intervene in, and escalate any concerns where appropriate.
- Ashford Oaks will ensure online safety i. is considered as a running and interrelated theme when devising
 and implementing our policies and procedures and when planning our curriculum, staff training, the role
 and responsibilities of the DSL and parental engagement.

- Ashford Oaks identifies that the breadth of issues classified within online safety is considerable, but can be categorised into four areas of risk:
 - Content: being exposed to illegal, inappropriate or harmful content. For example pornography, fake news, racism, misogyny, self-harm, suicide, anti-Semitism, radicalisation and extremism, misinformation, disinformation (fake news) and conspiracy theories.
 - Contact: being subjected to harmful online interaction with other users. For example peer to peer
 pressure, commercial advertising and adults posing as children or young adults with the intention
 to groom or exploit them for sexual, criminal, financial or other purposes.
 - Conduct: personal online behaviour that increases the likelihood of, or causes, harm. For example, making, sending and receiving explicit images (e.g. consensual and non-consensual sharing of nudes and semi-nudes and/or pornography), sharing other explicit images and online bullying.
 - o Commerce: risks such as online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and or financial scams.
- Ashford Oaks recognises that technology, and the risks and harms related to it, evolve and change rapidly. The school will carry out an annual review of our approaches to online safety, supported by an annual risk assessment which considers and reflects the risks our children face.
- The headteacher will be informed of online safety concerns by the DSL, as appropriate. The named governor for safeguarding will report on online safety practice and incidents, including outcomes, on a regular basis to the wider governing body.
- The DSL has overall responsibility for online safety within the school but will liaise with other members of staff, for example ICT Network Manager and curriculum leads as necessary.
- The DSL will respond to online safety concerns in line with our child protection and other associated policies, including our Behaviour and Anti-bullying policy, Online Safety Policy.
 - o Internal sanctions and/or support will be implemented as appropriate.
 - Where necessary, concerns will be escalated and reported to relevant partner agencies in line with local policies and procedures.
- Ashford Oaks uses a wide range of technology. This includes: computers, laptops, tablets and other digital devices, the internet, our learning platform, intranet and email systems.
 - All school owned devices and systems will be used in accordance with our acceptable use policies and with appropriate safety and security measures in place.
- 6.1 Generative Artificial Intelligence (AI)
- Ashford Oaks recognises that when used safely, effectively and with the right infrastucture in place, generative artificial intelligence (AI) tools have many uses which could benefit our entire school community.
- However, it is important to recognise that AI tools can also pose safeguarding risks to our community, as well as moral, ethical and legal concerns. This includes but not limited to:
 - `exposure to inappropriate or harmful content, including bullying, harrassment, abuse and exploitation

Privacy and data protection breaches/risks

Intellectual property infringements

Academic integrity challenges such as plagiarism and cheating

Exposure to inaccurate, misleading or biased contnt.

 Staff and pupils will be made aware of the benefits and risks of using AI tools; I, for example through specific lessons, staff training, computing, social media ambassadors, Rights Respecting assemblies Ashford Oaks only permits the use of generative AI tools which have been approved and provided by the school for work educational purposes, following the senior leadership team undertaking risks assessments and data protection impact assessments prior to use.

0

- Where the school believe AI tools may have facilitated the creation of child sexual abuse material, the school will respond in line with existing local safeguarding procedures and national guidance from the IWF and NCA-CEOP.
- Where the School are responding to concerns regarding digitally manipulated and Al-generated, nude/semi-nude images the school will respond in line with section 4.3 of this policy and the local KSCMP safeguarding procedures the UKCIS guidance 'Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people' guidance.
- Where the school believe AI tools may have facilitated deep fake abuse of adults, advice and support will be provided to individuals affected, such as via Unions, Professionals Online Safety Helpline or Report Harmful content and/or if a crime has been committed, via the police. Action will be taken in line with relevant school policies, including but not limited to, Behaviour and Anti Bullying and complaints.

6.2 Mobile and Smart Technology.

Ashford Oaks recognises the specific risks that can be posed by mobile and smart technology, including mobile/smart phones, cameras, wearable technology and any other electronic devices with imaging and/or sharing capabilities.

 In accordance with KCSIE and EYFS Ashford Oaks has appropriate mobile and smart technology and image use policies in place, which are shared and understood by all members of the community. These policies can be found in location, PPA room/School office/ staff intranet/ website.

6.3 Appropriate filtering and monitoring on school devices and networks.

School will do all we reasonable can to limit children's exposure to online harms through school provided devices, systems, platforms and networks. In line with the requirements of the Prevent Duty and KCSIE, we will ensure that appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place.

When implementing and appropriate filtering and monitoring Ashford Oaks will ensure that "over blocking" does not lead to unreasonable restrictions as to what children can be taught with regards to online teaching and safeguarding.

Whilst filtering and monitoring is an important part of our online safety responsibilities, it is only one part of our approach, and we recognise that we cannot rely on filtering and monitoring alone to safeguard our pupils. Effective safeguarding practice, robust policies, appropriate classroom behaviour management and regular education about safe and responsible use is essential and expected.

Pupils will use appropriate search tools, apps and online resources as identified by staff, following an informed risk assessment.

Internet use will be supervised by staff as appropriate to pupils age, ability and potential risk of harm.

6.3.1 Responsibilities

Our Governing body has overall strategic responsibility for our filtering and monitoring approaches, including ensuring that our filtering and monitoring systems are regularly reviewed and that the leadership team and relevant staff have an awareness and understanding of the appropriate filtering and monitoring provisions in place, manage them effectively and know how to escalate safeguarding concerns when identified.

Phil Chantler/Jane Marshall, members of the Senior Management Team and Toni Harris Governor are responsible for ensuring that our school has met the DfE Filtering and monitoring standards for schools.

Our senior leadership team is responsible for:

Procuring filtering and monitoring systems

Documenting decisions on what is blocked or allowed and why

Reviewing the effectiveness of our provision

Overseeing reports

Ensuring that all staff understand their role, are appropriately trained, follow policies, processes and procedures and act on reports and concerns.

Ensuring the DSL and IT Network Manager have sufficient time and support to manage their filtering and monitoring responsibilities

The DSL has lead responsibility for overseeing and acting on:

Any filtering and monitoring reports

Any child protection or safeguarding concerns identified

The IT Network Manager has technical responsibility for:

Maintaining filtering and monitoring systems

Provding filtering and monitoring reports

Completing technical actions identified following any concerns or checks to systems.

Working with the senior leadership team and DSL to procure systems, identify risks, carry out reviews and carry out checks.

All members of staff are provided with an understanding of the expectations, applicabale roles and responsibilities in relation to filtering and monitoring as partt of our induction process and in our child protection staff training.

All staff, pupils and parent/carers have a responsibility to follow this policy to report and record and filtering or monitoring concerns.

6.3.2 Decision making and reviewing our filtering and monitoring provision.

When pocuring and/or making decisions about our filtering and monitoring provision, our senior leadership team works closely with the DSL and IT Network Manager.

Decisions about our filtering and monitoring provision have been recorded and informed by an approach which ensures our systems meet our school needs and circumstances, including but limited to our pupils risk profile which considers the specific vulnerabilities (including age and ability), risk and context to our pupils and our school specific technology use.

Any changes to the filtering and monitoring approaches will be assessed by staff with safeguarding educational and technical experience and with the approval from the leadership team, all changes to the filtering policy are logged and recorded.

Our school undertakes regular (at least annual) reviews of our filtering and monitoring approaches to ensure we understand the changing needs and potential risks posed to our community.

In addition, our school undertakes regular and active checks on our filtering and monitoring systems to ensure our systems work effective in practice and as expected, and to provide assurance to the governing body that we are continuing to meet our safeguarding obligations. These checks are logged and recorded.

6.3.3 Appropriate filtering

Ashford Oaks's education internet connectivity is provided though Broadband 4. and Ashford Oaks uses Broadband 4 to block access to harmful content.

Broadband 4 blocks school provided internet access to illegal content and activity as identified in the Online Safety Act, including:

Child Sexual Abuse Material (CSAM)

Controlling and coercive behaviour

Extreme sexual violence

Extreme pornography

Fraud

Racially or religiously aggravated public order offences

Inciting violence

Illegal immigration and people smuggling

Promoting or facilitating suicide

Intimate image abuse

Selling illegal drugs or weapons

Sexual exploitation

Terrorism

Broadband 4 is a member of the Internet Watch Foundation (IWF) and uses IWF services to block access to CSAM.

Broadband 4 blocks school provided internet access to sites which could promote or include harmful and/or inappropriate behaviour or material. This includes content or activity which promotes hate speech or discrimination, gambling, harmful bullying content, malware/hacking, misinformation, privacy and copyright theft, pornography, self-harm and eating disorders and/or violence against women and girls.

Our filtering system is operational, up to date and applied to all users, including guest accounts, all school owned or provided devices, systems and networks, and all devices using the school internet connection.

The DSL and leadership team will work with Broadband 4 and our |IT Network Manager as appropriate and as identified in section 6.3.2 to ensure that our filtering policy is continually checked reviewed to reflect our needs and requirements.

If there is failure in the software or abuse of the system, for example if pupils or staff accidentally or deliberately access, witnessed or suspect unsuitable material has been accessed, they are required to:

Notify a DSL immediately and complete a CPOM's incident log at the earliest convenience if the abuse of the system is by a pupil. If the abuse of the system is by an adult the Headteacher and/or the Lead DSL to be informed.

Filtering breaches will be reported to the DSL and technical staff and will be recorded and escalated in line with relevant policies including our Child Protection, acceptable use, allegations against staff and behaviour policies.

Parents/carers will be informed of filtering breaches involving their child unless to do so would put a child at risk of harm or compromise a criminal investigation.

Any access to material believed to indicate a risk of significant harm, or that could be illegal, will be reported as soon as it is identified to the appropriate agencies, including but not limited to the Internet Watch Foundation (where there are concerns about child sexual abuse material). Kent Police, NCA-CEOP, or Kent Integrated Children's Services via Kent Integrated Children's Services Portal.

If staff are teaching topics which could create unusual activity on the filtering logs, or if staff perceive there to be unreasonable restrictions, affecting teaching, learning or administration they will report this to the DSLand/or leadership team.

6.3.4 Appropriate monitoring

We will appropriately monitor the use of all school provided devices and networks to detect safeguarding risks in real or near real time, including accessing or attempting access or engaging with or attempting to engage with illegal and/or harmful/inappropriate content or activity by any user.

All users will be informed that use of our devices and networks can/will be monitored and that all monitoring is in line with data protection, human rights and privacy legislation.

If a concern is identified via our monitoring approaches

Where the concern relates to a pupil it will be reported to a DSL and will be recorded in line with relevant policies,

Where the concern relates to staff it will be reported to the headteacher/Lead DSL (or chair of governors if the concern relates to the headteacher).

Parents/carers will be informed of safeguarding concerns involving their child through our monitoring approaches unless to do so would put a child at risk of harm or compromise a criminal investigation.

Where our monitoring approaches detect any immediate risk of harm or illegal activity this will be reported as soon as possible to the appropriate agencies including but not limited to the emergency services via 999 Kent Police via 101, NCA-CEOP, LADO or Kent Integrated Children's Services via Kent Integrated Childrens services portal.

6.4 Information security and access management

 Ashford Oaks is responsible for ensuring an appropriate level of security protection procedures are in place, in order to safeguard our systems as well as staff and pupils. Further information can be found in the Online Safety Policy, Acceptance Use Policy, Staff Handbook.

- Ashford Oaks will review the effectiveness of our procedures periodically to keep up with evolving cybercrime technologies.
- Phil Chantler and Jane Marshall are members of the senior leadership team and Toni Harris, governor, are responsible for ensuring that School has met the DfE <u>cyber security standards</u> for schools.

6.5 Remote/Online learning

- Ashford Oaks will ensure any remote sharing of information, communication and use of online learning tools and systems will be in line with privacy and data protection requirements and any local/national guidance.
- All communication with parents/carers will take place using school provided or approved communication channels; for example, school provided email accounts and phone numbers and/or agreed systems: Google Classroom, Microsoft 365 or equivalent.
- Any pre-existing relationships or situations which mean this cannot be complied with will be discussed with the DSL.
- Staff and pupils will engage with remote teaching and learning in line with existing behaviour principles as set out in our school behaviour policy/code of conduct and Acceptable Use Policies.
- Staff and pupils will be encouraged to report issues experienced at home and concerns will be responded to in line with our child protection and other relevant policies.
- When delivering remote learning, staff will follow our Remote Learning Acceptable Use Policy (AUP).

6.6 Online Safety Training for Staff

- Ashford Oaks will ensure that all staff receive online safety training, which, amongst other things, will include
 providing them with an understanding of the expectations, applicable roles and their responsibilities in
 relation to filtering and monitoring, as part of induction.
- Ongoing online safety training and updates for all staff will be integrated, aligned and considered as part of our overarching safeguarding approach.

6.7 Educating pupils

• Ashford Oaks will ensure a comprehensive whole school curriculum response is in place to enable all pupils to learn about and manage online risks effectively as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum.

6.8 Working with parents/carers

- Ashford Oaks will build a partnership approach to online safety and will support parents/carers to become
 aware and alert of the potential benefits and risks and to reinforce the importance of children being safe
 online by:
 - o Information on the school website, Social Media Ambassadors, Online safety parent workshops, parent digital magazines distributed to families.
- Ashford Oaks will ensure parents and carers understand what systems are used to filter and monitor their
 children's online use at school, what their children are being asked to do online, including the sites they will
 be asked to access and who from the school (if anyone) their child is going to be interacting with online. This
 is achieved by:

- o providing information on our school website and relevant policies such as acceptable use, home/school agreements and through existing communication channels.
- Where the School is made aware of any potentially harmful risks, challenges and/or hoaxes circulating online, national or locally, we will respond in line with the DfE 'Harmful online challenges and online hoaxes' guidance to ensure we adopt a proportional and helpful response.

7 Staff Engagement and Expectations

7.1 Staff Awareness, Induction and Training

- All members of staff have been provided with a copy of part one or annex A of 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' which covers safeguarding information for staff:
 - School leaders including the DSL's and governors will read KCSIE in its entirety.
 - o School leaders and all members of staff who work directly with children will read annex B.
 - o All members of staff have signed to confirm that they have read and understood the national guidance shared with them. This information is kept e.g. single central record.
- All new staff and volunteers (including agency and third-party staff) receive safeguarding and child
 protection training (including online safety which amongst other things, will include ensuring an
 understanding of expectations, applicable roles and responsibilities in relation to filtering and
 monitoring), to ensure they are aware of the school internal safeguarding processes, as part of their
 induction. This training is regularly updated and is in line with advice from the safeguarding partners
 by:
 - Staff weekly briefings
 - o The information on the notice board in the staff room
 - Staff meetings
- All governors and trustees receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection (including online safety)
 training at induction. This training equips them with the knowledge to provide strategic challenge to test
 and assure that our safeguarding policies and procedures are effective and support the delivery of a
 robust whole school approach to safeguarding. This training is regularly updated; annually in the
 September meeting, updates from the Safeguarding Governor.
- All staff members (including agency and third-party staff) will receive appropriate child protection training (including online safety) to ensure they are aware of a range of safeguarding issues. This training will be updated at least annually: the annual staff development day update, staff briefings, information on the staff notice board, DSL updates, Myako training and updates
- Online safety training for staff will be integrated, aligned and considered as part of the whole school safeguarding approach and wider staff training and curriculum planning: annual updates, staff briefings, staff meetings, information on the staff notice board.
- In addition to specific child protection training, all staff will receive regular safeguarding and child protection updates, at least annually, to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively: staff briefings, email updates, information on the staff notice board
- Ashford Oaks recognises the expertise staff build by undertaking safeguarding training and from managing safeguarding concerns on a daily basis and staff are encouraged to contribute to and shape school safeguarding arrangements and child protection policies; inviting feedback from all staff in meetings, briefings, 1:1's
- The DSL and headteacher will provide an annual report to the governing body detailing safeguarding training undertaken by all staff and will maintain an up to date record of who has been trained.

7.2 Safer Working Practice

- All members of staff are required to work within our clear guidelines on safer working practice as outlined in the school's code of conduct.
- Our school takes steps as outlined in this and other relevant policies to ensure processes are in place for staff that promote continuous vigilance, maintain an environment that deters and prevents abuse and challenges inappropriate behaviour.
- The DSL will ensure that all staff and volunteers (including agency and third-party staff) are aware of the school expectations regarding safe and professional practice via the staff code of conduct and Acceptable Use Policy (AUP).
- Staff will be made aware of the school behaviour management and physical intervention policies. Staff will
 manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe educational environment and will have a clear
 understanding of the needs of all children. Any physical interventions and use of reasonable force will be
 in line with our agreed policy and procedures and national guidance.
- All staff will be made aware of the professional risks associated with the use of social media and electronic communication (such as email, mobile phones, texting, social networking). Staff will adhere to relevant school policies including staff behaviour policy, Acceptable Use Policies, and Social Media.

7.3 Supervision and Support

- The induction process will include familiarisation with child protection responsibilities and procedures to be followed if members of staff have any concerns about a child's safety or welfare.
- The school will ensure that members of staff who are working within the foundation stage are provided with appropriate supervision in accordance with the statutory requirements of Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS).
- The school will provide appropriate supervision and support for all members of staff to ensure that:
 - All staff are competent to carry out their responsibilities for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children
 - All staff are supported by the DSL in their safeguarding role.
 - All members of staff have regular reviews of their own practice to ensure they improve over time.
 - Nurture, the Special Resource provision and ECT staff will all be offered supervision termly.
- Any member of staff affected by issues arising from concerns for children's welfare or safety can seek support from the DSL.
- The DSL will also put staff in touch with outside agencies for professional support if they so wish. Staff can
 also approach organisations such as their Union, the Education Support Partnership or other similar
 organisations directly.

8 Safer Recruitment and Allegations Against Staff

8.1 Safer Recruitment and Safeguarding Checks

Ashford Oaks is committed to ensure that develop a safe culture and that all steps are taken to recruit staff
and volunteers who are safe to work with our learners and staff. We recognise that we must ensure that

- people working with children in our setting are suitable, have the relevant qualifications/training and have passed any required checks to fulfil their roles.
- Ashford Oaks will follow relevant guidance in Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022 (Part Three, 'Safer Recruitment') and from The Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS).
- The governing body and leadership team are responsible for ensuring that the school follow safe recruitment processes as outlined within KCSIE guidance.
- The governing body will ensure that there is at least one of the persons who conducts an interview has completed safer recruitment training.
- The school maintains an accurate Single Central Record (SCR) in line with statutory guidance.
- Ashford Oaks are committed to supporting the statutory guidance from the Department for Education on the application of the Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations 2009 and related obligations under the Childcare Act 2006 in schools.
- We advise all staff to disclose any reason that may affect their suitability to work with children including convictions, cautions, court orders, cautions, reprimands, and warnings.
- Where the school places a pupil with an alternative provision provider, we continue to be responsible for the safeguarding of that pupil and will need to satisfy ourselves that the provider can meet the needs of the pupil.
 - Ashford Oaks will obtain written confirmation from the alternative provision provider that appropriate safeguarding checks have been carried out on individuals working at the establishment, i.e., those checks that our school would otherwise perform in respect of our own staff.
 - Obtain written confirmation that the alternative provider will inform the commission school of any arrangements that may put the child at risk (i.e. staff changes) so the commissioning school can ensure itself that appropriate safeguarding checks have been carried out on new staff.
 - Where the school organises work experience placements, we will follow the advice and guidance as identified in Part three of KCSIE.

8.2 Allegations/concerns raised in relation to staff, including supply teachers, volunteers and contractors

- Any concerns or allegations about staff will be recorded and dealt with appropriately in line with Part four of
 KCSIE and the <u>local Kent allegations arrangements</u>, including discussions as necessary with the <u>Local</u>
 Authority Designated Officer (LADO). In depth information can be found within our 'Managing Allegations
 against Staff'. This can be found in the staff room, office and website.
- Any concerns or allegations about staff will be recorded and dealt with appropriately in line with national (Part four of KCSIE)guidance. Ensuring concerns are dealt with effectively will protect those working in or on behalf of the school from potential false allegations or misunderstandings.
- Where headteachers are unsure how to respond, for example if the school is unsure if a concern meet the harm 'thresholds' (section 8.2.1), advice will be sought via the <u>Local Authority Designated Officer</u> (LADO) Educatio Safeguarding Advisory Service enquiry form.
- After resolving or concluding allegations or low-level concerns about staff, the headteacher/Lead DSL with the LADO if involved will review the case to identify lessons learned and possible improvements.
- In the situation that the school receives an allegation relating to an incident that happened when an individual or organisation was using our premises for the purposes of running activities for children (for example community groups, sports associations, or service providers that run extra-curricular activities), we will follow our safeguarding policies and procedures, including informing the LADO.

8.2.1 Concerns that meet the 'harm threshold'

- Ashford Oaks recognises that it is possible for any member of staff, including volunteers, governors, contractors, agency and third-party staff (including supply teachers) and visitors to behave in a way that indicates a person would pose a risk of harm if they continue to work in their present position, or in any capacity with children in a school or college. This includes when someone has
 - behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child
 - possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child
 - o behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she may pose a risk of harm to children
 - behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children.
- Allegations against staff which meet this threshold will be responded to and managed in line with Part four of KCSIE. Allegations that meet the harm threshold will be referred immediately to the headteacher or Lead DSL who will contact the <u>LADO</u> to agree further action to be taken in respect of the child and staff member.
- In the event of allegations of abuse being made against the headteacher or Lead DSL staff are advised that allegations should be reported to the chair of governors. In the event of concerns/allegations about the headteacher they should be reported to the Chair of Governors, In the event of concerns/allegations about the Lead DSL they should be reported to the headteacher.
- If staff are concerned that appropriate safeguarding action is not being taken following an allegation
 against a colleague that are advised to follow our Whistleblowing process and/or contact the LADO
 directly themselves.

8.2.2 Concerns that do not meet the 'harm threshold'

- Ashford Oaks may also need to take action in response to 'low-level' concerns about staff. Additional
 information regarding low-level concerns is contained with our code of conduct this includes what a lowlevel concern is, the importance of sharing them and the confidential procedure to follow when sharing
 them. 'Managing Allegations against staff':
 - Ashford Oaks has an open and transparent culture in which all concerns about all adults working in or on behalf of the school are dealt with promptly and appropriately; this enables us to identify inappropriate, problematic or concerning behaviour early, minimise the risk of abuse and ensure that adults working in or on behalf of the school are clear about and act within appropriate professional boundaries, and in accordance with our ethos and values.
 - A 'low-level' concern does not mean that it is insignificant; a low-level concern is any concern that an adult working in or on behalf of the school may have acted in a way that is inconsistent with our staff code of conduct, including inappropriate conduct outside of work and does not meet the 'harm threshold' or is otherwise not serious enough to consider a referral to the LADO.
 - Low-level concerns may arise in several ways and from a number of sources. For example, suspicion, complaints, or allegations made by a child, parent or other adult within or outside of the organisation, or as a result of vetting checks.
 - It is crucial that all low-level concerns are shared responsibly, recorded and dealt with appropriately to protect staff from becoming the subject of potential false low-level concerns or misunderstandings.
 - Low-level concerns should be shared confidentially in line with our staff Code of Conduct to the Headteacher – Phil Chantler or Lead DSL – Jane Marshall.
 - Where low-level concerns are reported to the school, the headteacher or Lead DSL will be informed
 of all low level concerns and is the ultimate decision maker in respect of the response to all low-level
 concerns.
 - The headteacher or Lead DSL will share concerns and liaise with the LADO enquiries officer via the LADO Enquiry Line.
 - Low-level concerns shared about supply staff and contractors will be shared with their employers so any potential patterns of inappropriate behaviour can be identified.

- o If the school is in any doubt as to whether the information which has been shared about a member of staff as a low-level concern in fact meets the harm threshold, we will consult with the LADO.
- Low-level concerns will be recorded in writing (on a pink slip) and reviewed so potential patterns of concerning, problematic or inappropriate behaviour can be identified.
 - Records will be kept confidential and will be held securely and retained and in compliance with the Data Protection Act 2018 and the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and other relevant policies and procedures (for example data retention policies).
 - Where a pattern is identified, the school will implement appropriate action, for example consulting with the LADO enquiry line and following our disciplinary procedures.

8.3 Safe Culture

- As part of our approach to safeguarding, the School has created and embedded a culture of openness, trust and transparency in which our values and expected behaviour as set out in our staff behaviour policy/code of conduct are constantly lived, monitored and reinforced by all staff (including supply teachers, volunteers and contractors) and where all concerns are dealt with promptly and appropriately.
- Staff are encouraged and should feel confident to self-refer, if they have found themselves in a situation which could be misinterpreted, might appear compromising to others, and/or on reflection they believe they have behaved in such a way that they consider falls below the expected professional standards. This includes where concerns may be felt to be deliberately invented or malicious; such allegations are extremely rare and as such all concerns should be reported and recorded.
- All staff and volunteers should feel able to raise any concerns about poor or unsafe practice and
 potential failures in the school safeguarding regime. The leadership team at Ashford Oaks will take all
 concerns or allegations received seriously.
- All members of staff are made aware of the school/college Whistleblowing procedure It is a disciplinary
 offence not to report concerns about the conduct of a colleague that could place a child at risk.
- Staff can access the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline if they do not feel able to raise concerns
 regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call 0800 028 0285 (8:00 AM to 8:00 PM
 Monday to Friday) or email help@nspcc.org.uk.
- Ashford Oaks has a legal duty to refer to the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) anyone who has harmed, or poses a risk of harm, to a child, or if there is reason to believe the member of staff has committed one of a number of listed offences, and who has been removed from working (paid or unpaid) in regulated activity or would have been removed had they not left. The DBS will consider whether to bar the person.
- If these circumstances arise in relation to a member of staff at our school, a referral will be made as soon as possible after the resignation or removal of the individual in accordance with advice from the LADO and/or Schools Personnel Service.

9 Opportunities to teach safeguarding

Ashford Oaks will ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety, as part
of providing a broad and balanced curriculum. This will include covering relevant issues through
Relationships Education, circle time, Rights Respecting assemblies.

- We recognise that school play an essential role in helping children to understand and identify the parameters of what is appropriate child and adult behaviour, what is 'safe,' to recognise when they and others close to them are not safe, and how to seek advice and support when they are concerned. Our curriculum provides opportunities for increasing self-awareness, self-esteem, social and emotional understanding, assertiveness and decision making so that pupils have a range of age appropriate contacts and strategies to ensure their own protection and that of others.
- Ashford Oaks recognises the crucial role we have to play in preventative education. Preventative
 education is most effective in the context of a whole-school approach which prepares pupils for life in
 modern Britain and creates a culture of zero tolerance for sexism, misogyny/misandry, homophobia,
 biphobia and sexual violence/harassment.
- Ashford has a clear set of values and standards, upheld and demonstrated throughout all aspects of school life which are underpinned by our behaviour policy and pastoral support system, as well as by a planned programme of evidence-based RSHE delivered in regularly timetabled lessons and reinforced throughout the whole curriculum. Our programme is fully inclusive and developed to be age and stage of development appropriate.
- Ashford recognise that a one size fits all approach will not be appropriate for all children, and a more
 personalised or contextualised approach, tailored to the specific needs and vulnerabilities of individual
 children might be needed, for example children who are victims of abuse, neglect and exploitation and
 children with SEND.
- Our school systems support children to talk to a range of staff. All children will be listened to and heard, and their concerns will always be taken seriously and acted upon as appropriate.
- Ashford Oaks recognises the value of external organisations and/or speakers visiting to provide useful
 information or to help enrich children's education. However, school will always assess the suitability
 of external organisations or speakers before granting them access to pupils this may include an
 assessment of the educational value, the age/ability appropriateness of content and whether relevant
 safeguarding checks will be required.

10. Physical Safety

10.1 Use of 'reasonable force'

• There may be circumstances when it is appropriate for staff to use reasonable force in order to safeguard children from harm. The term 'reasonable force' covers the broad range of actions used by staff that involve a degree of physical contact to control or retrain children. This can range from guiding a child to safety by the arm, to more extreme circumstances such as breaking up a fight or where a child needs to be restrained to prevent violence or injury. 'Reasonable' in these circumstances means 'using no more force than is needed'. Further information regarding our approach and expectations can be found in our behaviour policy and is in line with Dfe 'Use of reasonable force in school' guidance.

10.2 The use of school premises by other organisations

- Where our school facilities or premises are rented/hired out to organisations or individuals (for example to community groups, sports associations, and service providers to run community or extra-curricular activities) we will ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place to keep children safe.
- Where those services or activities are provided under the direct supervision or management of our school staff, our existing arrangements for child protection, including this policy, will apply.
- Where services or activities are provided separately by another body using the school facilities/premises, the
 and governing body will seek assurance that the provider concerned has appropriate safeguarding and child
 protection policies and procedures in place (including inspecting these as needed); and ensure that there are
 arrangements in place for the provider to liaise with the school on these matters where appropriate. If this
 assurance is not achieved, an application to use premises will be refused.
- Safeguarding requirements will be included in any transfer of control agreement (such as a lease or hire agreement), as a condition of use and occupation of the premises. Failure to comply with this will lead to termination of the agreement.

10.3 Site Security

- All members of staff have a responsibility for maintaining awareness of buildings and grounds security and for reporting concerns that may come to light.
- Appropriate checks and supervision will be undertaken in respect of visitors and volunteers coming into school as outlined within national guidance. Visitors will be expected to, sign in and out via the office visitors log and to display a visitor's badge whilst on site.
- Any individual who is not known or identifiable on site should be challenged for clarification and reassurance.
- The school will not accept the behaviour of any individual (parent or other) that threatens school security or leads others (child or adult) to feel unsafe. Such behaviour will be treated as a serious concern and may result in a decision to refuse access for that individual to the school site.

11 Local Support

- All members of staff in Ashford Oaks Primary are made aware of local support available:
 - Kent Integrated Children's Services/ Children's Social Work Services and Early Help Intensive Support.

Kent Integrated Children's Services Portal – select 'urgent' if there is an immediate risk/concern.

- Front Door Service: 03000 411111
- Out of Hours Number: 03000 419191 www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/kent-support-levels-guidance
- Local Early Help and Preventative Services and Family Hubs
 - Early Help and Preventative Services KELSI
 - Early Help contacts KELSI

Kent Family Hubs - Kent County Council

Kent Police

- 101 or 999 if there is an immediate risk of harm.
- Local PCSO Rikki Appsrikki.apps@kent.police.uk

Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership (KSCMP)

- o www.kscmp.org.uk
- o 03000 421126 or <u>kscmp@kent.gov.uk</u>

Adult Safeguarding

Adult Social Care via 03000 41 61 61 (text relay 18001 03000 41 61 61) or email social.services@kent.gov.uk

Kent LADO Education Safeguarding Advisory Service (LESAS)

- o Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership
- o To refer to the LADO following an allegation being made against a member of staff complete a referral on the Kent Intergrated Childrens Services Portal.
- To enquire if a LADO referral should be made, to request a strategic education safeguarding or online safety advice or request other LESAS commissioned services/support pluse use the LESAS enquiry form.

Appendix 1: Categories of Abuse

All staff should be aware that abuse, neglect, exploitation and other safeguarding issues are rarely standalone events that can be covered by one definition or label. In most cases multiple issues will overlap with one another.

Abuse: a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. Abuse can be carried out both on and offline and be perpetrated by men, women, and children.

Sexual abuse: involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing, and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet). Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children.

Signs that MAY INDICATE Sexual Abuse

- Sudden changes in behaviour and performance
- Displays of affection which are sexual and age inappropriate
- Self-harm, self-mutilation or attempts at suicide
- Alluding to secrets which they cannot reveal
- Tendency to cling or need constant reassurance
- Regression to younger behaviour, for example thumb sucking, playing with discarded toys, acting like a baby
- Distrust of familiar adults, for example, anxiety of being left with relatives, a childminder or lodger
- Unexplained gifts or money
- Depression and withdrawal
- Fear of undressing, for example for PE
- Secrecy relating to use of technology
- Sexually transmitted disease or pregnancy
- Fire setting

The Centre of Expertise on Child Sexual Abuse provides resources to help education professionals identify and respond to concerns of child sexual abuse and abusive behaviours.

Physical abuse: a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning, or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.

Signs that MAY INDICATE physical abuse

- Bruises and abrasions around the face
- Damage or injury around the mouth
- Bi-lateral injuries, such as two bruised eyes
- Bruising to soft area of the face such as the cheeks
- Fingertip bruising to the front or back of torso

- Bite marks
- Burns or scalds (unusual patterns and spread of injuries)
- Deep contact burns, such as cigarette burns
- Injuries suggesting beatings (strap marks, welts)
- Covering arms and legs even when hot
- Inappropriate/harmful medication usage
- Aggressive behaviour or severe temper outbursts.
- Injuries that cannot be accounted for. Inadequate, inconsistent, or excessively plausible explanations for an injury, or a delay in seeking treatment should signal concern.

Emotional abuse: the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone.

Signs that MAY INDICATE emotional abuse

- Over reaction to mistakes
- Lack of self-confidence/esteem
- Sudden speech disorders
- Self-harming
- Eating Disorders
- Extremes of passivity and/or aggression
- Compulsive stealing
- Drug, alcohol, solvent abuse
- Fear of parents being contacted
- Unwillingness or inability to play
- Secrecy relating to use of technology
- Excessive need for approval, attention, and affection

Neglect: the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing, and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

Signs that MAY INDICATE neglect.

- Constant hunger
- Poor personal hygiene
- Constant tiredness
- Inadequate clothing
- Frequent lateness or non-attendance
- Untreated medical problems
- Poor relationship with peers
- Compulsive stealing and scavenging

- Rocking, hair twisting and thumb sucking
- Running away
- Loss of weight or being constantly underweight
- Low self esteem

Appendix 2: National Support Organisations

NSPCC 'Report Abuse in Education' Helpline

0800 136 663 or help@nspcc.org.uk

KSCMP

Factsheets: www.kscmp.org.uk/training/factsheets Supporting resources: www.kscmporg.uk/training/training-resources Video explainers: www.kscmp.org.uk/training/video-explainers Missing children: www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/missing-children

National Organisations

- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk
- Barnardo's: www.barnardos.org.uk
- Action for Children: <u>www.actionforchildren.org.uk</u>
- Children's Society: www.childrenssociety.org.uk
- Centre of Expertise on Child Sexual Abuse: www.csacentre.org.uk

Support for Staff

- Education Support Partnership: www.educationsupportpartnership.org.uk
- Professional Online Safety Helpline: www.saferinternet.org.uk/helpline
- Harmful Sexual Behaviour Support Service: https://swgfl.org.uk/harmful-sexual-behaviour-support-service
- NSPCC Whistleblowing helpline: www.nspcc.org.uk/keeping-children-safe/reporting-abuse/dedicatedhelplines/whistleblwoing-advice-line

Support for pupils/students

 ChildLine: www.childline.org.uk Papyrus: www.papyrus-uk.org • The Mix: www.themix.org.uk Shout: www.giveusashout.org

Fearless: www.fearless.org

• Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk

Lucy Faithful Foundation 'Shore Space': https://shorespace.org.uk/

Support for Adults

Family Lives: www.familylives.org.uk

• Crime Stoppers: www.crimestoppers-uk.org

• Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk

• The Samaritans: www.samaritans.org

• NAPAC (National Association for People Abused in Childhood): www.napac.org.uk

MOSAC: www.mosac.org.uk

• Action Fraud: www.actionfraud.police.uk

Shout: www.giveusashout.org

Advice now: www.advicenow.org.uk

Support for Special Education Needs and Disabilities

- Respond: <u>www.respond.org.uk</u>
- Mencap: www.mencap.org.uk
- Council for Disabled Children: https://councilfordisabledchildren.org.uk
- Kent Autistic Trust: www.kentautistictrust.org
- AFASIC: <u>www.afasic.org.uk</u>
- National Autistic Society: <u>www.autism.org.uk</u>
- Infortmation Advice and Support Kent (IASK) <u>www.iask.org.uk</u>
- Portage: www.kent.gov.uk/education
- Kent County Council: <u>www.kent.gov.uk/education-and-children/special-education-needs-and-disabilities/support-for-parents-with-send-children</u>

Contextual Safeguarding Network

https://contextualsafeguarding.org.uk/

Kent Resilience Hub

https://kentresiliencehub.org.uk/

Children with Family Members in Prison

National information Centre on Children of Offenders (NICCO): www.nicco.org.uk/

Substance Misuse

- We are with you (formerly Addaction): www.wearewithyou.org.uk/services/kent-for-young-people/
- Talk to Frank: <u>www.talktofrank.com</u>

Domestic Abuse

KSCMP www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/domestic-abuse

- Domestic abuse services: <u>www.domesticabuseservices.org.uk</u>
- Refuge: <u>www.refuge.org.uk</u>
- Women's Aid: www.womensaid.org.uk
- Men's Advice Line: www.mensadviceline.org.uk
- Mankind: www.mankindcounselling.org.uk
- National Domestic Abuse Helpline: <u>www.nationaldahelpline.org.uk</u>
- Respect Phoneline: https://respectphoneline.org.uk

Criminal and Sexual Exploitation

KSCMP www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/exploitation

- Kent and Medway Violence Reduction Unit: https://kentandmedwayvru.co.ukNational Crime Agency: www.nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk/who-we-are
- It's not okay: www.itsnotokay.co.uk
- NWG Network: www.nwgnetwork.org
- County Lines Toolkit for Professionals: www.childrenssociety.org.uk/information/professionals/resources/county-lines-toolkit
- Multi-agency practice principles for responding to child exploitation and extra-familial harm: https://tce.researchinpractice.org.uk/

So called Honour Based Abuse

- Karma Nirvana: https://karmanirvana.org.uk
- Forced Marriage Unit: www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage
- FGM Factsheet:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/4964 15/6 1639 HO SP FGM mandatory reporting Fact sheet Web.pdf

- Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation: procedural information: <u>www.gov.uk/government/publications/mandatory-reporting-of-female-genital-mutilation-procedural-information</u>
- The right to choose government guidance on forced marriage: <u>www.gov.uk/government/publications/the-right-to-choose-government-guidance-on-forced-marriage</u>

Radicalisation and hate

Kent Prevent Education Officers: www.kelsi.org.uk/child-protection-and-safeguarding/The-Prevent-Duty-In-Education

- Educate against Hate: <u>www.educateagainsthate.com</u>
- Counter Terrorism Internet Referral Unit: <u>www.gov.uk/report-terrorism</u>
- True Vision: <u>www.report-it.org.uk</u>

Child-on-Child abuse, including bullying, sexual violence and harassment

- Rape Crisis: https://rapecrisis.org.uk
- Brook: <u>www.brook.org.uk</u>
- Disrespect Nobody: <u>www.disrespectnobody.co.uk</u>
- Upskirting know your rights: www.gov.uk/government/news/upskirting-know-your-rights
- Lucy Faithfull Foundation: <u>www.lucyfaithfull.org.uk</u>
- Stop it Now! www.stopitnow.org.uk
- Parents Protect: www.parentsprotect.co.uk
- Anti-Bullying Alliance: www.anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk
- Diana Award: www.antibullyingpro.com
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk
- Centre of expertise on Child Sexual Abuse: www.csacentre.org.uk
- Lucy Faithful Foundation 'Shore Space': https://shorepace.org.uk

Online Safety

- NCA-CEOP: www.ceop.police.uk and www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- Internet Watch Foundation (IWF): <u>www.iwf.org.uk</u>
- Childnet: www.childnet.com
- UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk
- Report Harmful Content: https://reportharmfulcontent.com
- Marie Collins Foundation: <u>www.mariecollinsfoundation.org.uk</u>
- Internet Matters: www.internetmatters.org
- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk/onlinesafety
- Get Safe Online: www.getsafeonline.org
- Parents Protect: www.parentsprotect.co.uk
- Cyber Choices: https://nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk/what-we-do/crime-threats/cyber-crime/cyberchoices
- National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC): www.ncsc.gov.uk

Mental Health

KSCMP: www.kscmp.org.uk/guidance/children-and-young-peoples-mental-health

Kent & medway Children and young peoples mental health service (CYPMHS): www.nelft.nhs.uk/services-kent-children-young-peoples-mental-health

- Mind: www.mind.org.uk
- Moodspark: https://moodspark.org.uk
- Young Minds: www.youngminds.org.uk
- We are with you: www.wearewithyou.org.uk/services/kent-for-young-people/
- Anna Freud: www.annafreud.org/schools-and-colleges/