

Recruitment of Ex-Offenders Policy

1. Introduction

The <u>code of practice</u> published under section 122 of the Police Act 1997 advises that it is a requirement that all registered bodies must treat DBS applicants who have a criminal record fairly and not discriminate automatically because of a conviction or other information revealed.

The code also obliges registered bodies to have a written policy on the recruitment of ex-offenders; a copy of which can be given to DBS applicants at the outset of the recruitment process.

2. Recruitment of Ex-offenders

- As an organisation assessing applicants' suitability for positions which are included in the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order using criminal record checks processed through the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS), DSTC complies fully with the <u>code of practice</u> and undertakes to treat all applicants for positions fairly.
- DSTC undertakes not to discriminate unfairly against any subject of a criminal record check on the basis of a conviction or other information revealed.
- DSTC can only ask an individual to provide details of convictions and cautions that
 we are legally entitled to know about. Where a DBS certificate at either standard or
 enhanced level can legally be requested (where the position is one that is included
 in the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975 as amended,
 and where appropriate Police Act Regulations as amended).
- DSTC can only ask an individual about convictions and cautions that are not protected.
- DSTC is committed to the fair treatment of its staff, potential staff or users of its services, regardless of race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, responsibilities for dependants, age, physical/mental disability or offending background.
- DSTC actively promotes equality of opportunity for all with the right mix of talent, skills and potential and welcome applications from a wide range of candidates, including those with criminal records.
- DSTC select all candidates for interview based on their skills, qualifications and experience.
- An application for a criminal record check is only submitted to DBS after a thorough risk assessment has indicated that one is both proportionate and relevant to the position concerned. For those positions where a criminal record check is identified as necessary, all application forms, job adverts and recruitment briefs will contain a

statement that an application for a DBS certificate will be submitted in the event of the individual being offered the position.

- DSTC ensures that all staff, who are involved in the recruitment process have been suitably trained to identify and assess the relevance and circumstances of offences.
- DSTC also ensures that staff have received appropriate guidance and training in the relevant legislation relating to the employment of ex-offenders, e.g. the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974.
- At interview, or in a separate discussion, DSTC ensures that an open and measured discussion takes place on the subject of any offences or other matter that might be relevant to the position. Failure to reveal information that is directly relevant to the position sought could lead to withdrawal of an offer of employment.
- DSTC makes every subject of a criminal record check submitted to DBS aware of the existence of the code of practice and makes a copy available on request.
- DSTC undertakes to discuss any matter revealed on a DBS certificate with the individual seeking the position before withdrawing a conditional offer of employment.